The M'Kean County Miner.

H. F. BARBOUR, Editor and Publisher.

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We have a large and complete assortment of Plain and Fancy Type and new Job Presses and are prepared to do all kinds of Plain and Fancy Printing, neatly, cheaply and promptly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

BYRON D. HAMLIN & SON,
Law & Land Office.
AGENCY OF THE
KEATING LANDS.
Situated in the Counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.
Smethport, Pa.

BACKUS & MILLIKEN,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care.
OFFICE—Upstairs in Sartwell Block, on Main Street.
W. J. MILLIKEN. JOHN C. BACKUS.

P. FORD,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Will give his attention to all matters pertaining to his profession.
OFFICE FORD BUILDING,
Church Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

R. H. ROSE,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.
OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE

S. W. SMITH,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

P. R. COTTER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
All business intrusted to his care will receive immediate attention. Particular attention to collections.

PHYSICIANS.

FREEMAN & BROWN,
PHYSICIANS and SURGEONS,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.
Will attend promptly to all calls in their profession

H. L. McCOY,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.
Will attend to all calls in his profession.

D. V. CROSSMIRE,
Resident Physician P. & E. R. R. Co.,
15 Fraley Street, KANE, PA.
Prompt attention given to all professional calls.

E. A. VanSooy,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.
Will attend promptly to all calls in his profession.
OFFICE AT THE BRADFORD HOUSE.

F. W. HOGARTH,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
Will attend to all calls in his profession
OFFICE IN HIS STORE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BINGHAM ESTATE.
ROBT. H. ROSE,
is authorized to receive applications for me; also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally to any buyer of this Estate, in McKean County. He will sell the lands.
Prothonotary's Office in the Court House.
ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.
[illegible], Dec. 30, 1875.

W. S. BROWNELL,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
MOTTO—Quick Sales, Small Profits
Store Opposite Baptist Church,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Patronage is respectfully solicited.

SARTWELL BROTHERS'
BILLIARD SALOON
AND
RESTAURANT,
Sartwell Block,
Second Floor, SMETHPORT, PA.
G. W. SARTWELL. S. B. SARTWELL.

E. R. SHATTUCK,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Olean, N. Y.
Particular attention given to orders by mail or telegraph.
Small or large quantities carefully boxed and shipped.

C. V. GILLIS,
DEALER IN
DRUGS,
PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
KANE, PA.

JOSHUA DAVIS. G. M. JAMES
DAVIS & JAMES,
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour & Feed,
Clothing, Notions,
Hardware and General Merchandise,
KANE, PA.

W. E. SIRRETT & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FINE HATS, CAPS,
FURS, ROBES, Etc.
Cor. Exchange and Washington Streets,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
The largest dealers in this class of goods in Western New York.

BONNEY'S
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
Terrace, Near Main Street,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
D. BONNEY & SON, Proprietors.
F. E. STONE, Clerk, (late Proprietor of the Olean House.)

OLEAN HOUSE,
GEO. VAN CAMPEN, Proprietor,
Union Street, convenient to Depot } OLEAN, N. Y.

SARTWELL HOUSE,
Port Allegany, Pa.
S. C. SARTWELL, Proprietor.
The above house has been recently rebuilt, refurnished and refitted in the latest style for the convenience of guests.

CABINET SHOP,
Mechanic Street, Smethport,
WM. SPECHT, Proprietor.
FURNITURE,
PICTURE FRAMES, Etc.,
Of every description constantly on hand and made to order.

ALFRED STURDVEINT,
Would respectfully inform the citizens of Smethport and Vicinity that he is now prepared to attend to his customers at his New Quarters,
Over the Post-Office.
He is prepared to do
Shaving and Hair Dressing,
In the highest style and at the lowest price. A select assortment of
CIGARS, COLLARS, CUFFS,
and other fancy and useful articles constantly on hand. Call and be satisfied for yourselves.

PAINTING & GRAINING!
The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of work in PAINTING and GRAINING in a workmanlike manner and at reasonable rates.
Graining by a New and Cheap Process.
I make a Specialty of GRAINING, by a new process, by which I can do it at an expense of less than half the time and money it would cost by the old way.
[illegible]

Ayer's
Sarsaparilla

For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine disease, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives — Stillingia, Mandrake, Yellow Dock — with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the disease it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skilfully combined, that the full alterative effect of each is assured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still so effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome disease.

The reputation it enjoys is derived from its cures, and the confidence which prominent physicians all over the country repose in it, prove their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are publicly known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alterative medicine. So generally is its superiority to any other medicine known, that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Nitro-Glycerine.

In July, 1867, Dr. Mowbray, in a late lecture, said he was sent for by the engineers of the Hoosac tunnel, who were desirous of finding some one who would take charge of the manufacture and use of nitro-glycerine, and be responsible for it. He accepted the position on the condition of having absolute authority to employ and discharge all connected with the use of the explosive, and of managing the operation without interference from anybody.

A preliminary experiment with a charge of six ounces of nitro-glycerine proved so powerful that those who heard the report thought his whole works had blown up. The lecturer gave a very amusing account of his first entrance into the tunnel, carrying a pail filled with cartridges in one hand, his apparatus in the other, and the fuses on his person. All the miners were cleared out, and he proceeded to charge the holes, while the silence of the place was interrupted only by the plash of water trickling through the roof. When all the holes were filled, and the wires connecting them were ominously hanging out of the holes, resembling an exaggeration of rats' tails, a sense of discomfort and anxiety was unavoidable. Everything, however, went off satisfactorily, and the spark from the electric machine exploded all the cartridges. Until the men were drilled sufficiently to be safely intrusted with this business, the lecturer had to go in the tunnel every eight hours, and three of the intervening hours were used up in preparing the charges. Five tons of nitro-glycerine were thus used per month; and for the same amount of rock blasted out, only one life was lost through nitro-glycerine, where thirty or forty were lost through gunpowder. He thought it safe to say that the Hoosac tunnel would never have been completed without nitro-glycerine.

Items of Interest.

A timid person is frightened before a danger, a coward during the time, and a courageous person afterward.

The Midland railway of England has cost about £50,000,000, and brings in a revenue of £5,000,000 a year.

The man who is always in a hurry is the very man who, at the end of a lifetime, has the least to show for it.

A flash of lightning at Cheshire, Mass., tore holes in the ground all about a farmer and the cow he was milking, and then knocked both down.

A number of carrier pigeons have been placed on the lighthouse off Harwich, England, in order to train them for regular communication with the port.

A young doctor to a lady patient: "You must take exercise for your health." "All right," said she, "I'll jump at the first offer." They were married in about six months.

The khedive of Egypt provides a daily feast for the cats of Cairo, at the great mosque, and great is the tumult at the hour of prayer, when they all rush to the distributing priest for their allowance.

Texarkana, a town of 200 inhabitants, is claimed by both Texas and Arkansas, the State line dividing the town in the center. Taxpayers are happy, because they don't recognize the assessment of either State.

A Close, Hard Man.

A hard, close man was Solomon Ray,
Nothing of value he gave away;
He hoarded and saved,
He pinched and shaved,
And the more he had the more he craved.
The hard-earned dollars he toiled to gain
Brought him little but care and pain;
For little he spent,
And all he lent,
He made it bring him twenty per cent.
Such was the life of Solomon Ray;
The years went by and his hair grew gray;
His cheeks grew thin,
And his soul within
Grew hard as the dollars he worked to win.
But he died one day, as all men must,
For life is fleeting, and naught but dust;
The heirs were gay,
That laid him away;
And that was the end of Solomon Ray.
They quarreled now, who had little cared
For Solomon Ray while his life was spared;
His lands were sold,
And his hard-earned gold,
All went to the lawyers, I am told.
Yet men will cheat and pinch and save
Nor carry their treasures beyond the grave.
All the gold some day
Will melt away,
Like the selfish savings of Solomon Ray.

The Little Maid of Domremy.

It is more than four hundred and fifty years since, in the village of Domremy on the river Meuse, was born a little girl to whom they gave the name of Jeanne (in English, Joan or Jane). It is probable that her father, a poor and respectable peasant, was named Darc. Later, when the little girl had grown famous, people altered the name and called her Jeanne d'Arc (of Arc), which is as though one of you should be called Kate of Rochester, or Lucy of Minneapolis. France was not then the rich and powerful country which it has since become. For a long time it had been governed or misgoverned by a king who was insane, and first one party and then another, getting tired of his rule, had thrown it off, so that the nation was in a state of civil war. Then, besides civil war, France had to contend also with an outside enemy, for the English, who were always fighting with France in those days, had sent a large army across the channel, and captured many important French towns. Some of the people thought they would like to be ruled by the English, and offered the crown to the English king, Henry V., who accepted it gladly, and had, first himself, and then his little son, crowned kings of France. The rest of the nation were angry at this, and refused to acknowledge any king but their own. Great quarreling and bloodshed followed and went on for years; the people were taxed heavily, the fields remained untilled, there was famine and scarcity of all sorts, and the poor suffered greatly.

It was in the midst of these unhappy times that Jeanne was born, and grew to be, first a hardy little girl, and then a vigorous maiden, with a noble, beautiful face, though its expression was thoughtful and sad. She had a rough, hard life, working in the fields and caring for the farm animals; and when feeding the oxen or tending the sheep in the dim twilight, she had plenty of time to think of the miseries amid which she lived. The peasants in that part of the country used to repeat an old prophecy that France, in her time of deepest distress, would be saved by a maiden. Nobody knew who made the prophecy, but every one believed it, for those were superstitious days, and people put great faith in legends and old sayings. There were no books and newspapers, as there are now, to make persons wide awake and intelligent. Jeanne believed with the rest. And when she felt sad and hopeless at the sufferings she saw and the worse sufferings she heard about, she thought a great deal about this prophecy, and wondered when the wonderful maiden would come to them. "For surely," thought she, "France can never be worse off than she is now, with the wicked English having their own way everywhere, and our poor king shut up like a prisoner in his own land."

She dwelt so much upon these things that at last it seemed to her that a voice spoke, whether from within or without she could not be sure, and said that she was the maiden appointed to save the land from its troubles. Just then the crazy king died, and his son, Charles VII., a young man of twenty, succeeded to the throne. It was a miserable inheritance truly, for few acknowledged his authority, and he was too poor to pay for soldiers, who in those days were always to be had for pay. He and the little army which he contrived to get together, fought two or three times with the English and were beaten, and at last the only important city left him, the city of Orleans, was closely besieged by the enemy. For months it held out, but little by little the foe gained, till it became evident that before long Orleans would be forced to yield, and with it would go the last hope of the royal family of France.

Jeanne Darc was eighteen years old at this time, and the "voices" which had been speaking to her for five years were growing each day louder and calling her to do something, she knew not what, to save the country. At last she became so certain of her divine mission that she could keep silent no longer, and she persuaded her uncle to take her to Baudricourt, one of the king's officers, who was governor of the town of Vancouleurs. To him she explained about the voices, and begged him to send her to the king, promising that if he would do so she would raise the siege of Orleans, and that the king, in less than three months, should be crowned in the city of Rheims, which was at that time fast held by the English. The governor did not believe in her a bit at first, but matters had got so desperate that he was willing to try anything, so at last he sent Jeanne to Chinon, where the king was residing.

It must have been a singular sight, Jeanne in her simple peasant's garb in the midst of the gay court. But she was too much in earnest to think about herself or be frightened. The king stood among the other gentlemen, dressed exactly like them, but Jeanne went straight up and knelt before him without a moment's hesitation, which surprised everybody very much.

So eloquent was she, so full of enthusiasm and confidence in her own powers, that the king and his counselors believed in her at once. They gave her a suit of armor and a horse, which she knew very well how to manage, for she had often ridden the horses to water in Domremy. When they fetched the sword which belonged to her armor, she rejected it, and begged them to send to the church of St. Catherine of Fierbois, where, buried in the ground, would be found a consecrated sword which it was meant she should carry. They did so, and, sure enough, the sword was discovered just as she had said, which made people believe in her more than ever. Thus equipped, with a white banner in her hand, she took command of ten thousand troops headed by the brave Dunois, and marched straight to Orleans. The news of this wonderful event spread everywhere. The English, who were as superstitious as the French, took fright. Whole regiments deserted "for fear of the Mayde," for there is nothing like superstition to make cowards even of brave men. Jeanne's own soldiers, fired by her noble courage, fought as if inspired. In less than a week the siege of Orleans was raised, and the enemy in full retreat. Other battles followed, in all of which Jeanne was victorious. Rheims was given up without a blow, and there, in three months from the time of Jeanne's first appearance at the court, Charles was solemnly crowned king—the "Maid of Orleans," as she was now called, standing beside him in full armor, with her white banner in her hand! She had kept her promise, and the work was done.

When the coronation was over, she knelt down before the throne and prayed the king to let her go back again to Domremy and tend her sheep. The "voices" which had led her so far, promised nothing beyond this day. She desired to return to her simple life, and be plain Jeanne Darc again, as she was before these great things came to pass.

But the king would not consent. He and the army had learned to look upon "the Mayde" as an inspired being, and they insisted that she could not be spared till all the English were driven across the sea. So Jeanne staid, though unwillingly. I wish they had let her go back to peaceful Domremy; then I should not have to tell of the sad and painful ending of her story.

For nothing went well with her or with the army that she led, from that day. She had ceased to believe in herself, and that is a fatal thing. More than once they were beaten, and at last, at the siege of Paris, Jeanne was wounded, dragged from her horse, and taken prisoner by a Frenchman, who, to his shame, afterward sold her for a sum of money to her mortal foes, the English. By the laws of military honor, she should have been regarded as a prisoner of war. But the English, who were all the more cruel because they had once been afraid of her, preferred to consider her as a sorceress, and called a court together to try her as such. The French king was too selfish and cowardly to interfere, and without a friend to help or advise her, deserted by the monarch she had served and the nation she had saved, poor Jeanne was left to her fate.

Poor, simple girl, puzzled and terrified, she could neither understand nor answer the charges they brought against her. When she told with simple truthfulness the story of the voices which had spoken to her in the fields, and bidden her go forth to find the king, they scoffed at her, and said that nobody but the devil would have anything to say to a sorceress. Weary, confused, and heartsick, she even doubted herself at last, and when they brought a paper which stated that she had lied in claiming a mission from Heaven, and purposely deceived people, she signed it, hoping that they would spare her life and let her go free. Her persecutors were sorry that she signed, for what they wanted was an excuse to kill her. They were afraid to let her live, lest she should escape from them, and the French army rally round her again. It is never difficult to make an excuse when the strong desire to oppress the weak. They put a suit of armor in her room, and took away all her other clothes, and when the poor girl, not knowing what else to do, put on the armor, they declared that was a sign that she took back her confession, and accordingly condemned her to be burned as a witch. It was a cruel and cowardly thing, but cruelty is always cowardice.

So in the marketplace of Rouen, surrounded by a great crowd of soldiers, Jeanne Darc was burned at the stake on the last day of May, 1431. The Seine carried her ashes down to the sea. She was patient and courageous to the last; and though her face was covered with tears, her constancy never wavered. She kept her eyes fixed on the crucifix, and, when the flames rose up about her, was heard to murmur: "God be blessed!"

So ended the wonderful life of the Little Maid of Domremy. The market-place in Rouen where she suffered is still called the "Place de la Pucelle," or "The Place of the Maiden," and on the spot where the stake was erected stands a bronze statue of Jeanne, in armor, holding her consecrated banner. The shame of her death lies heavily on all who took part in it; on the Frenchman who gave her up, the English who slew her, and the weak young king who did nothing to aid or avenge her, and who allowed ten years to go by before he reversed the verdict by which she was condemned, and proclaimed her the heroine and martyr which she undoubtedly was.

Better things than these, however, can be said of our Jeanne. Heroism and martyrdom are great, but to live purely and worthily is greater still. The character of the maid of Domremy was spotless. She was distinguished for her innocence and modesty; her hand never shed blood, and the gentle dignity of her manner inspired respect in all who came near her, and even restrained the violence of her rough soldiers. She did what we must call unwomanly things, but she did them at the call of duty, and in a truly womanly spirit, full of purity, self-sacrifice and patience. So we, who live so many hundreds of years after, can afford to love as well as admire her, which we could not have done had she merely dreamed dreams and won battles.—*St. Nicholas.*

A Mystery.

On Dec. 22, 1873, three young men, serving in the coast guard at the Montauk lighthouse, Long Island, went out together to fish for cod. The sun was shining brightly, the wind was low, and the waves, for that season and in that place, were calm. They were within sight of their comrades on the shore. Stealthily, a thick fog drifted in from the sea, and shut them out from view. The wind continued calm. A few hours later a man wandered upon the beach, some two miles distant, and found a boat drifted in to land. It seemed to have been abandoned, but was all right. No water was in it. The oars were in their places. And concluding that it must have slipped the line, by which it had been attached to some vessel, the finder leaped into it and rowed up to the lighthouse to put it in charge and make his claim for salvage. There the boat was instantly recognized as the one in which the three young men had gone out fishing. The next day there was washed up on the beach at a distant point, the shirt which one of the young men had worn, and it was found to be untorn and buttoned carefully at the neck and wristband. At another remote spot there came to the shore a long rubber boot, that of one of the missing men, containing still a human foot and leg severed just above the boot. That was all that ever was given up by the sea and the fog of the ill-fated men who so mysteriously perished. One of the men, Albert Edwards, had been recently married, and belonged in Amagansett. The others, Alex. Osborne and —— Halsey, were single men from East Hampton and Bridgehampton. To this day speculation is active but unavailing concerning the fate that befell them beneath the pall of that blinding fog, far from human aid, and it is scarcely possible that the event will ever be other than it now is, "The Mystery of Montauk Point."

Salaries of Governors.

New York pays to its governor an annual salary of $10,000, which is the highest paid in the Union. Louisiana pays $8,000, California, $7,000, Nevada, $6,000. Eight States—Kentucky, Massachusetts, Missouri, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Texas, Virginia and Wisconsin—pay $5,000; Maryland, $4,500. Three States—Alabama, Georgia and Ohio—$4,000. Arkansas, South Carolina, and Florida pay $3,500. Kansas, Indiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Jersey and Tennessee pay each $3,000. Illinois, Iowa and Maine pay each $2,500. West Virginia pays $2,700. Connecticut, $2,000, Oregon, $1,500 Delaware, $1,800, and Michigan, Nebraska, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont pay their governors respectively a salary of $1,000.

Postal Cards.

The following are statistics of postal cards manufactured at the factory at Springfield, Mass.: From the first of May 1873, to the first of June, 1873, 31,094,000; for the post-office fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, 1874, 91,079,000; the next year, 107,616,000, and the present year to the thirtieth of April, nine months only, 131,076,500, or more than in any twelve months before. The demand for May exceeded that for the corresponding time in previous years. The capacity of the factory has been increased to 800,000 cards in twelve hours.

Saving the Marine Band.

In the United States House of Representatives an effort was made to abolish the marine band, which supplies music to the executive mansion and grounds. Mr. Harrison, of Illinois, a Democrat, took upon himself to save the band, and he did it in a speech of which the following is an extract:

I want to see a Democratic President there listening to the music, and I hope to be one of his friends, with my feet on the Axminster and one of his Partagas between my lips. I am opposed to the abolition of the marine band. Think of the Democrats who want to get into the White House. There is the son of the great Empire State, he may be in the White House. I want the marine band there to give him music, and if he should lead a bride to the White House we will play the wedding march and furnish sweet music beneath her chamber window. We have other men for that position, any one of whom would grace the Presidential chair. Are we to deny him the music of the marine band? Never! never! never! We may have one from Ohio [Mr. Kelley—Bill Allen] who never speaks in the Senate without uttering words of wisdom [meaning Senator Thurman). Are we to have no music for him? No, sir, never! never! never! [Loud laughter as much at the style and manner of the speaker as at the evident blunder of his last remark.] We have, a little west of the Hoosier State, a great Democratic war horse [alluding to Mr. Hendricks, of Indiana], a man who, they say, is a little of a trimmer. He is a trimmer because his mind is so round that he sees both sides of a question, and does not grow wild on any such. He may be in that position, and I may be his friend in the White House, and shall he have no music from the marine band? Never, sir, by my vote—never! never! never!

We may have in that seat, Mr. Chairman, a man who would fill the chair as it was never filled before [alluding to Judge Davis, of the supreme court]—not a single inch of it that will not be filled—a man great in law as in politics, one against whom not a word can be said. Am I to come here from Illinois to attend his inauguration, am I to go with him to the White House, and have no music to aid him in tripping the light fantastic toe? Never, sir—never with my consent—never. There is still another one from your own State, Mr. Chairman; great in arms, great as a civilian [alluding to Gen. Hancock, of Pennsylvania]. He may be there. He will wish to have some memories of the past brought to his mind by martial music. Is it to be denied to him? Shall a marine band be refused to him? By my vote, sir, never, never, never. Then, sir, there is still another, "the Great Unknown." He is coming ten thousand strong from every part of the Union—

Mr. Hardenburgh (Dem., N. Y.)—Parker.

Mr. Harrison—I will call no names. He is all around. The Democratic party is full of "'the Great Unknown." When the "Great Unknown" comes there, shall he have no music? Shall no tones come out from those silvery instruments, blown by those gentlemen in scarlet coats, to welcome and introduce the "Great Unknown" to his fellow-citizens! Not by my vote, sir—never! never! never!

As Mr. Harrison sat down, he was greeted with roars of laughter and rounds of applause from both sides of the house. The speech and the ridicule proved too much for the amendment, which was voted down by a large majority.

Too Long a Tongue.

Rev. C. H. Spurgeon's new book tells the following story: All the stories told of Dr. Gill are somewhat grim. He could not come down to the level of men and women in the common order so far as to be jocose, and when he attempted to do so, he looked like Hercules with the distaff, or Goliath threading a needle. When he verged upon the humorous the jokes were ponderous and overwhelming, burying his adversary as well as crushing him. It is said that a garrulous dame called on him to find fault with the excessive length of his white bands. "Well, well," said the doctor, "what do you think is the right length? Take and make them as long or as short as you like."

The lady expressed her delight; she was sure her dear pastor would grant her request, and therefore she had brought her scissors with her, and would do the trimming at once. Accordingly, snip, snip, and the thing was done, and the bibs returned.

"Now," said the doctor, "my good sister, you must do me a good turn also."

"Yes, that I will, doctor. What can it be?"

"Well—you have something about you which is a deal too long, and I should like to see it shorter."

"Indeed, dear sir, I will not hesitate," said the dame; "what is it, here are the scissors, use them as you please."

"Come, then," said the pastor, "good sister, put out your tongue."

We have often pictured him sitting in the old chair which is preserved in our vestry, and thus quietly rebuking the gossip.

The M'Kean Miner.

[illegible] - - Editor.

THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1876.

NEXT week Wednesday the National Republican Convention meets at Cincinnati, when the next President will be nominated.

A few days ago the enemies of Blaine were busy counting him out of the list of candidates for the Presidential nomination. To-day he is stronger than at any time since his candidacy was first mentioned.

PERRIN, of the Cattaraugus Republican, pays the following compliment to his neighbor Shankland, of the Ellicottville Union:—"Old Bob Shankland has been known for years as a dissipated and profligate old blackguard." And Shankland is the old democratic warhorse of Cattaraugus County, too.

THE Naval Committee, which claims to have discovered evidence of fraud and corruption on the part of Secretary Robeson, refuse to give him a public hearing. They want his evidence in a shape where they can suppress it if it shows him to be innocent. Such is the character of modern Democratic investigation.

SO the ex-Rebels on the Committee were going to break down Blaine if they could, and Proctor Knott was willing to suppress dispatches that cleared him of the infamous charges under which he was resting—till after Cincinnati. Very well; Cincinnati is likely to take that hint. Republicans will appreciate the Democratic anxiety to keep Blaine from being nominated.—Tribune.

A RURAL Democratic exchange—probably one of those sheets purchased by Tilden's advertising agents for $3.50—arises and says: "A record like that of Tilden is worthy of recognition, whether he receive it in a Presidential nomination or in some other form." The "some other form" should be incarceration in Sing Sing for swindling the St. Louis, Terre Haute & Alton railroad company out of those $234,000 worth of bonds.

ONE of the curious features of the present campaign is the suddenness with which Hon. Elihu B. Washburne, of Illinois, present Minister to France, has come to be seriously talked of in almost every quarter as a candidate for President. The Chicago Tribune has proposed Mr. Washburne from time to time, but nowhere till within a few days has he been considered in the field, and of all the delegates elected to Cincinnati we believe he has but just one. He is, however, a life-long Republican and foe to jobs and subsidies, and as a compromise candidate a very much worse selection might unquestionably be made.—Buffalo Express.

IN an article upon the Pennsylvania delegation, the Pittsburg Gazette says:

Of the make-up of the delegation, it is claimed that there are at least twenty Blaine men in Western Pennsylvania alone, with a considerable number east of the mountains. That is, after Hartranft, they will go to Blaine. We do not vouch for the entire correctness of these figures, but give them as received. But we have no hesitancy in declaring that the elevation of Mr. Cameron to the position of Secretary of War will have no influence whatever in determining the action of the delegation to Cincinnati. We doubt if he makes any attempt whatever to control the delegation; but, if he should, he cannot, from present appearances, carry it over to Conkling. A spirit of independence exists, and the mere suspicion that the public should think that the delegates can be bought and sold, like a herd of cattle, is against a strong move for Conkling. If at any time the name of Governor Hartranft should be dropped, we are of the opinion that at least one-half of the delegates from this State will go for Blaine. We imagine the President is informed on this point, and that therefore he has not given Mr. Cameron his place in the Cabinet for a political purpose. If Mr. Blaine is clear of corrupt charges when the Convention meets, he is a very formidable candidate.

Gen. Geo. J. Magee's Opinion.

Gen. Geo. J. Magee has been interviewed by the reporter of the New York World in regard to the propriety of Sam Tilden's nomination for the Presidency. The General says that in the counties of Schuyler, Steuben, Chemung, Tompkins, Yates, Ontario and Livingston, nearly all the prominent and active Democrats are opposed to the nomination. He thinks if Tilden is nominated it would lose the Democracy the counties of the Southern Tier, which have recently given Democratic majorities. The following is the portion of the conversation in which General Magee puts himself on the record:

R.—Is not Governor Tilden as strong now as he was two years ago, when he was elected Governor by over 50,000 majority?

Mr. M.—Two years ago the times were hard, and there was a feeling that a change would help matters, and he received large accessions from Republicans of all classes, but there has been no improvement, and he cannot hold the vote of Republican laborers and mechanics.

R.—Will not administrative reform become essentially one of the leading issues of this contest?

Mr. M.—I believe it will—that is, true reform, but not reform for purely personal purposes.

R.—Is not Governor Tilden one of the most prominent representatives of true administrative reform?

Mr. M.—He hung out a great many clothes to dry, and had his henchmen, including several Republicans, engaged in blowing their bugles for a year and a half, pointing to their clothes. Thus far none of them have been dried. Some of those whose clothes have been hung out, have had them taken in, since which time they are the loudest for Mr. Tilden's nomination.

R.—Have you stated all the reasons for the dissatisfaction which you say exists in reference to Governor Tilden?

Mr. M.—One other reason is the fact that in almost every county there are some men heretofore devoted to Seymour, Church or Hoffman, that all those men Governor Tilden seems [illegible] to [illegible] new men in their places, [illegible] Democrats or Republicans, and thereby build up a personal party.

THERE is a terrible time among the Magees. Gen. George J. Magee, of Watkins, is on the war path against Uncle Sammy Tilden, and says that all the leading democrats of the Southern Tier counties are with him in this opposition. We think, judging from observation, that George J. tells the truth. But here comes John Magee, who we supposed was dead, dating from Bath, Steuben county, denying the statements of George J. very decidedly. John Magee, (we suppose it must be his spirit) says that "myself and brothers have always stood firm on the democratic platform, and have never been known to waver." The statement of the General, he says, is "utterly false." Pretty strong language, but then we suppose spirits indulge in these things. "There is not a democrat," he says, "that would vote against him (Tilden), and thousands of Republicans would also support him"—which shows that John Magee don't get the daily papers down there where he is. Practical people had better take the word of the General, who can be found in full flesh any day at Watkins. John Magee insists that he "knows more than General Magee" about things in particular, and he says that the great desire of "our family" is to have Tilden nominated, because he will carry this State by fifty thousand majority. We never took much stock in ghosts any way, but possibly John Magee is right. We go our pile on the General at present.

It has just occurred to us that possibly there may be a person now living at Bath by the name of John Magee. There is an old fable somewhere about the ass who strutted around in the lion's skin. It all went well enough until the ears betrayed the real animal within. We think this latter hypothesis must be true, for John Magee was a man of great personal and political force, and would be mortified to a thousand deaths if he knew that his name was used to bolster up the great modern sham of American politics. Yes, this must be some John Magee who is John Magee nominally but not in fact. It is a rose which by any other name wouldn't smell as sweet.—Elmira Advertiser.

AN HISTORICAL FACT.—Every agent who has been steadily selling the Improved $20 Homestead Sewing Machine for three years, owns his dwelling house, has a good account in bank, is clear of debt and has money at interest,—the natural consequence of securing a good agency for superior goods at the lowest prices. A good first-class Sewing Machine needs itself;—reliable at all times, easy to understand and control, the same size and does the same work as any machines that sell at Four Times the price. There is no machine at any price better, or that will do finer or more work, and certainly none so low in price by many dollars. The Homestead is widely known and used in thousands of families in the Eastern and Middle states, and daily becoming popular in the West. It will save its cost several times over in one season, doing the work of the family, or will earn four or five dollars a day for any man or woman who sews for a living. It is the strongest machine made, is ready at all times to do its work, makes the strongest and finest stitch yet invented, and is fully acknowledged as the Standard Family Sewing Machine. Price complete for domestic use, $20, delivered at your door, no matter how remote you may reside. Business permanent and honorable, with more certain and rapid sales, and larger profits than any other. Extraordinary liberal offers made to local or traveling agents where we have none established; or, if there is no agent near you, send your order direct to the factory. Address John H. Kendall & Co., 630 Broadway, New York. v13n39y1

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA. } IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice, that on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1876 a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of E. D. Slingerland of Port Allegany, in the county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register in Boro' of Tioga, Pa., before P. E. Smith, Esq., Register, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal for said District.

Pittsburgh, May 19, 1876. 2t

THERESA D MILLER, BY HER NEXT FRIEND ALBERT E. PINGREY vs. BARRY B. MILLER. } IN COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF McKEAN COUNTY. No 192 Dec. T. 1875

THE RESPONDENT in the above entitled case is hereby notified to appear before the Judges of said Court at Smethport, on Friday the 23d day of June next, and show cause why the said libellant should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony contracted with the said Respondent, agreeable to the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., May 29, 1876. 4t

Administrators Notice.

WHEREAS letters of Administration on the estate of John Sandstrum, deceased, late of Wetmore township have been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any claims or demands against the same will make known the same without delay.

J. O. LIDDELL, Administrator

May 11 1876.6t

J. G. EATON,

DEALER IN

Heavy & Shelf Hardware,

OILS, PAINTS,

GLASS, PUTTY,

TIN & WOODEN WARE

New Store,

Mechanic St., 3 doors south of Water

12—35 SMETHPORT, PA.

Port Allegany Planing Mill.

BARRETT BROTHERS,

CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, AND

MANUFACTURERS OF

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

AND

HOUSE MOULDINGS.

Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, &c

Port Allegany, Pa

J. G. PELTON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

OLEAN, N. Y.

The finest cloths for Gents' wear constantly on hand. Suits cut and made in the latest styles, at reasonable prices, and a perfect fit guaranteed. v15-30

The Latest Edition!

Important News.

Great Fall in Dry Goods!

AT FRANK N. TAYLOR'S STORE.

Having just returned from the Eastern cities with an IMMENSE STOCK of Spring and Summer Goods carefully selected from the

Latest and Newest Styles,

and bought with especial reference to the wants of my customers, and at bottom prices, I can offer every line of goods at bargains never before equalled in McKean County.

My stock is complete in every line, comprising

DRY GOODS,

Prints, Linens and Silks,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

GROCERIES, CROCKERY, NOTIONS

CARPETS, WALL PAPER, OIL CLOTHS,

with many other articles too numerous to mention. Give me a call, and I will guarantee satisfaction both in prices and goods.

AUCTION SALE!

AUCTION every Thursday afternoon and evening until further notice, commencing June 15th.

FRANK N. TAYLOR.

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING DRUGSTORE OF THE COUNTY,

NO. 1, UNION BLOCK, SMETHPORT, PENNA.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS AND Medicines, and all other articles usually kept in first a class drugstore.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES

PAINTS, OILS, & DYE STUFFS,

SOAPS, SPONGES, BRUSHES, COMBS

Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils,

—x—

AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY. WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL Selected assortment of American and French candies, Stationery, Envelopes, &c. ALL

SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES & LIQUORS, &c. &c.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared.

SECURE AN AGENCY and $50 or $100 per week.

"THE EVER READY AND NEVER OUT OF ORDER"

HOMESTEAD $20

SEWING

$20 **MACHINE**

For Domestic Use.

With table and fixtures complete, only $20

A perfect and unequalled, large, strong and durable Machine, constructed elegant and solid, from the best material with mathematical precision, for Constant Family use or manufacturing purposes. Always ready at a moment's notice to do its day's work, never out of order, and will last a generation with moderate care; easy to understand and manage, light, smooth, and swift running, like the well-regulated movement of a fine watch; simple compact, efficient and reliable, with all the valuable improvements to be found in the highest priced Machines, warranted to do the same work, the same way, and as rapid and smooth as a $75 Machine. An acknowledged triumph of ingenious mechanical skill, essentially the working woman's friend, and far in advance of all ordinary Machines, for absolute strength, reliability and general usefulness; will hem, fell, tuck, seam, quilt, bind, braid cord, gather, ruffle, shirr, Plait, fold, scallop, roll, Embroider, run up breadths, &c., with wonderful rapidity, neatness and ease, sews the strongest lasting stitch equally fine and smooth through all kinds of goods, from cambric to several thicknesses of broadcloth or leather, with fine or coarse cotton, linen, silk or twine. Gives perfect satisfaction. Will earn its cost several times over in a season in the work it does, or make a good living for any man or woman who desires to use it for that purpose, works so faithful and easy the servants or children can use it without damage. Price of Machine with light table, fully equipped for family work, $20. Half case, cover, side drawers and cabinet styles each at correspondingly low rates. Safe delivery guaranteed, free from damage. Explanatory pamphlets illustrated with engravings of the several styles of Machines, references, variety of sewing, &c., mailed free. Confidential terms with liberal inducements to enterprising Clergymen, Teacher, Business Men, Traveling or Local Agents, &c., who desire exclusive Agencies, furnished on application. Address John H. Kendall & Co. 630 Broadway, New York. v13n39y1

M. L. Armstrong,

Dealer in

ELGIN WATCHES.

Agent for

ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS

in McKean County.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Call and have your eyes measured

A perfect fit guaranteed.

Every pair warranted.

M. L. ARMSTRONG, Agent.

Sheriff Sales.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Vend. Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June A. D 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following described tract or parcel of land to wit:

All that piece, parcel, or tract of land in the township of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by land of Dr. W. L. Chrisman, on the east by the public highway, on the south by lands of Reuben Dennis, and on the west by the B. N. Y. & P. R. Rd; containing about one-fourth of an acre, and having one frame store 20x48 feet, two stories high in front, and three stories back; also a wing attached 10x12 feet, one story high; one well of water and 10 fruit trees thereon.

Seized, and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of M. G. Knapp, at the suit of Sipont & Keller.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 29, 1876.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of McKean, State of Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real state which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June A. D. 1876, at one o'clock p. m. the following described tract or parcel of land, to wit:

All that piece, parcel, or tract of land situate in the township of Otto, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by lots Nos. 324, 325, and 347, of the allotments of Bingham lands in said township, on the east by lot No. 347 aforesaid, and by land of Keating & Co., on the south by lots Nos. 346 and 326, of the Bingham allotment aforesaid, and on the west by lots Nos. 334, 333 and 323, containing 250 and 6-10 acres, more or less; being lots Nos. 253, 264 and 295, of the allotment aforesaid, and part of Warrants Nos. 2008, 3451 and 3452.

Seized, and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of H. C. Rice at the suit of Bingham Trustees.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to wit; which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport at one o'clock p. m. on Monday, June 19, 1876.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, county of McKean, township of Ceres, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a beech the northwest corner of Benjamin Perkins lot No. 142; thence west 96 perches to a post corner; thence south 83 and 3-10 perches to a corner; thence east 96 perches to a corner; thence north 83 and 3-10 perches to the place of beginning; containing 49 acres strict measure, be the same more or less; being the north part of lot No. 135 of the allotment of Keating lands in said township, and part of Warrant No 3446; small stream of water running through it.

Sold as the property of Susan H. Morse and her husband David Morse, for the benefit of Susan H. Morse, at the suit of Charles Karr, use of Joseph Karr.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias* &c issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, Pennsylvania, I have levied upon the following described real estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following property to wit

All that piece, parcel, or tract of land situate in the township of Annin, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of D Walsworth's lot No. 102; thence north 162 perches to a post corner; thence east 76 perches to a post corner in the West line of lands of Theron Cooper, No. 98; thence south 103 perches to the southwest corner of lot No. 98; thence west 77 and 6-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 49 and 4-10 acres; being lot No. 100 and part of Warrant No. 2217.

Seized, and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of Asahel Holcomb at the suit of R. R. Holcomb, use of S. L. Holcomb.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Vend. Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean county, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 19th day of June 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following described tracts or parcels of land to wit

Subdivisions Nos. 61, 62, 63, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80 and 81, on the Wilson survey, and being parts of Warrants Nos. 2724, 2722, 2717, 2721, 2710, 2720, 2708, containing in all 2783 and 1-10 acres, situated in Norwich township, McKean county, Pa.

ALSO—Sub Nos. 95, 96, 97, 98, 99 93, 80 and 81, in Colegrove survey, excepting the land heretofore conveyed to Adam Martin in subs Nos. 80 and 81. These containing in all 2185 and 65-100 acres, situated in Sergeant township, all unimproved.

Seized, taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of The Rochester Nunda & Pennsylvania Railroad Company, at the suit of John R. Chadwick *et al.*

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June A D 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following described tracts or parcels of land, to wit:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post corner on the west line of J. C. Coleman's lot, No. 331; thence north 3° 10' west 80 rods to a post corner; thence north 86° 50' east 100 rods to a post corner; thence south 3° 10' east 80 rods to a post corner; thence south 86° 50' west 100 rods to the place of beginning, containing 50 acres, more or less, being lot No. 240, and part of Warrant 2181, of Keating lands in said township, together with two frame houses, two barns, and a young orchard of about 35 trees. Improved.

Seized, and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of R. D. Carter, at the suit of Charles Chandler, use of C. A. Dolley.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Fieri. Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean county Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June 1876, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described tract or parcel of land to wit:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Liberty, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a stake in the middle of the highway, twenty-one rods from the north side of S. H. Barrett's barn—on the Smethport road, running from Port Allegany; thence north 55° west 10 rods; thence west 45° south 11½ rods; thence south 45° east 10 rods; thence east 55° north 11½ rods to the place of beginning, containing 115 square rods, strict measure, be the same more or less, together with the right to use forever the amount of water that a one inch pipe will convey from a spring situate on land belonging to H. J. Barrett, and nearest the above described premises, and together with one frame house and wing, and with the water pipe lying from said spring to said house, and out house.

Seized, and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of Sue. E. Kinney, at the suit of C. G. Barrett.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Vend. Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June A. D. 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following described tract or parcel of land, to wit

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situated in the township of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post in the south bank of the Allegany river, being the northwest corner of John M. Jeuder's lands; thence south 204 and 6-10 perches to the center of the turnpike road; thence by said road south 78 degrees west 30 and 2-10 perches to a post, thence north 207 and 3-10 perches to a post in the south bank of the Allegany river; thence down the said river by its several courses and distances to the place of beginning, containing 38 acres and 8 perches, strict measure, be the same, more or less, being parts of Warrants No 4325 and 6120. ALSO—All that piece, parcel or tract of land situated in the township of Eldred, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post in the center of the road, being the southwest corner of lot No. 1; thence north 201 and 2-10 perches to a post in the south bank of the Allegany river; thence up the river south 72 degrees west 31 and 6-10 perches to a post corner, being the northeast corner of lot No. 15; thence south 201 perches to a post corner; thence east 60 perches to a corner; thence north 118 and 7-10 perches to the center of the road; thence south 78 degrees west 30 and 2-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 70 and 6-10 acres, be the same, more or less, and being parts of Warrants No 4325 and 6120, together with one frame two-story house, one barn, one young apple orchard, one old apple orchard, about 40 acres improved, excepting, however, two small pieces from this that have been sold to Alford & Johnson.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of F. D. Wheeler, at the suit of W. L. Chrisman.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, which I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 19th day of June, A. D. 1876, at one o'clock p. m., the following described tract or parcel of land to wit:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post corner on north line of lands of N. B Eldred; thence north 40 rods to a post corner near the bank of the Allegany river; thence west 200 rods to a post corner; thence south 40 rods to a post corner; thence east 200 rods to the place of beginning, containing 50 acres of land improved, more or less, and being part of lot No 20 of Keating lands in said township, and part of Warrant No. 3450, together with one frame house and shed, one barn and about 50 apple trees.

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of H. S. Rice and L. D Rice, at the suit of J. Richardson.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, which I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June, A. D 1876, at one o'clock p m, the following described tract or parcel of land to wit:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situated in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post in the Coudersport and Port Allegany road, being in the east line of lot conveyed by N. L. Dyke and wife to A. M. Benton; thence south 16 perches to a post near the river bank; thence north 54 degrees west 18 perches to a post; thence north 16 degrees east 8 and 5-10 perches to the center of the road; thence by the road south 77 and 4-10 degrees east 12 perches to the place of beginning, containing one acre and ten perches of land, be the same, more or less, together with one frame house 22x30 feet and wing 16x16 feet, one blacksmith shop, one barn 24x30 feet, one well of water and six fruit trees thereon.

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of C. A. Hasen, at the suit of W. C. Gray now use of Michael Lewi & Co.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of several writs of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June, A. D 1876, at one o'clock p. m., the following described tract or parcel of land to wit:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post standing in the Smethport and Olean road on the north line of lot No 107, conveyed to Timothy T. Carpenter; thence east 22 rods to a post corner; thence north 31 and 2-10 rods to a post corner; thence west 101 rods to a post corner standing in centre of said road; thence southeastwardly by said road by its several courses and distances to the place of beginning, containing 18 and 8-10 acres of land improved, be the same, more or less, and being lot No 358 of the allotment of Keating lands in said township, and part of Warrant No 3450; together with one orchard, one barn and shed, two-story house and wing, one pipe conveying water from spring to house.

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of J. J. Rice, at the suits of J. G. Barrett, use of D. D. Reynolds, and Grant & Dewater, and J. Richardson

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to wit: which I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 19th day of June, A. D. 1876, at one o'clock, p. m.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situated in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post standing on the north bank of the Allegany river, being the southeast corner of lot conveyed to Solomon Sartwell in Warrants Nos. 2171 and 2181, and being parts of said Warrants; thence north 151 rods to a hemlock stub corner; thence east 53 rods to a post; thence north 125 rod to a maple corner; thence east 33 rods to a post corner; thence south 3?? rods to a post corner on the north bank of the Allegany river; thence down the same by the several courses and distances thereof to the place of beginning, containing 150 and 8-10 acres, strict measure, be the same, more or less, together with 1 one story house and wing, two barns and shed, one well, a small orchard, one corn house and hog-pen, about 46 acres cleared.

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of Minerva Clark nee Hober, Administrator of C. H. Hober Dec'd; Ella Hober, Cora Hober and Minnie Hober, minors having for their Guardian, James Clark, at the suit of Thomas McDowell & Co.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, Pa., on Monday, the 19th day of June, A. D. 1876, at one o'clock, p. m.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post in the center of the road standing north 60 degrees east twenty-six and eight-tenths perches from the stone set in the center of the four-corner in the village of Port Allegany, thence north 60 degrees east eight perches to a post in the center of the road; thence south thirty degrees east ten perches to a post corner; thence south sixty degrees west eight perches to a post corner; thence north thirty degrees west ten perches to the place of beginning, containing eighty square perches of land, strict measure, be the same, more or less, being part of lot No. 63, of the allotment of the Keating lands, in Liberty township, and part of Warrant No. 1866, always excepting and reserving the privilege of water in Lillibridge creek, heretofore conveyed by A. N. Lillibridge to W. A. Wright, together with one two-story house with wing attached, a few fruit and ornamental trees and well of water.

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of J. W. Neefe, at the suit of Jhon F. Shurts.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June, A. D 1876, at one o'clock p. m.

All that piece, parcel, or tract of land situated in the township of Ceres, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post in the north line of lot No 102 conveyed to J B Stoop, and being the southeast corner of lot No 457; thence north 127 and 7-10 perches to the northeast corner of said lot No 457; thence east 37 and 5-10 perches to a post; thence south 127 and 7-10 perches to a post in the north line of lot No 102 aforesaid; thence west 37 and 5-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 30 acres of land, more or less, being lot No 456, of the allotment of Keating lands in Ceres township, and part of Warrant No. 4328.

ALSO—Another lot, Beginning at a post, being the southeast corner of lot surveyed for Stephen Weatley, No 74; thence south 46 perches to a post corner; thence east 16 perches to a beech corner; thence north 46 perches to a hemlock corner in the line of said lot No 74; thence by said line west 16 perches to the place of beginning, containing 4 and 6-10 acres, strict measure, be the same, more or less, being lot No 305, of the allotment of land in Ceres township, and part of Warrant No 4372, together with one frame house and wing, one barn 18x30 feet, and two sheds, three out-houses and large orchard of about 80 trees.

Seized, taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of B A Treat, at the suit of H. E Smith, now use of N Peabody.

C S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean Co., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of June A. D. 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following described tracts or parcels of land, to wit:

All that piece, parcel, or tract of land situate in the township of Annin, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post corner on the road leading from Annin corners to Kings Run; thence north 48 and 4-10 perches to a post corner; thence west 109 and 5-10 perches to a post corner; thence north 25 and 4-10 perches to a post corner; thence west 10 and 6-10 perches to a post corner; thence north 58 perches to a post corner; thence east 26 and 9-10 perches to a post corner; thence south 17 and 5-10 perches to a post corner; thence east 120 and 5-10 perches to a post corner; thence south 70 perches to a post corner; thence east 40 perches to a post corner; thence south 30 perches to a post corner; thence west 60 and 5-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 75 and 6-10 acres, more or less, being lot No. 82, and part of Warrants Nos. 3443 and 3444, of Keating lands in said township, together with one frame house and about 50 fruit trees, and 40 acres improved.

ALSO—All that piece, parcel, or tract of land situated in the township of Annin, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by Keating lands, on the west by lands of J. H. Kinney, on the south and east by lands of Wesley Kinney, known as the Hill lot, being part of lot No. 130, and part of Warrant No. 3444, of Keating lands in said township, containing about 10 acres more or less, all improved.

Seized, and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of Alexander Goodrich, at the suit of N. H. Forte, use of Nathaniel Walker.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 29, 1876.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Vend. Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court house, in the Borough of Smethport, at one o'clock p. m.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situated in the township of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by road leading to Bradford; on the east by land of Abbott; on the south by lands of Boss; on the west by land of Abbott, and being about 60 acres in all; about 10 acres improved, with small frame barn and spring of water.

Seized, taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of Charles Fish, at the suit of O. J. Taylor.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. May 29, 1876.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean county, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport on Monday, the 19th day of June A. D 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following described pieces or parcels of land to wit:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post corner on the north bank of the Allegany river, being the southwest corner of land of Seth Hackett—lot No. 84; thence north 86 perches to a post, the northeast corner of lot No. 84; thence west 104 perches to a post in the east line of the lands of A B Des Chappelle; thence south 42 and 2-10 perches to a post corner; thence west 41 and 2-10 perches to a post, the northeast corner of the land heretofore conveyed by Benton to Clark; thence south 148 perches to a post corner on the north bank of the Allegany river; thence easterly up the north bank of said river by its several courses and distances thereof, to the place of beginning, containing 194 and 2-10 acres, strict measure, be the same, more or less, being lots Nos. 87 and 140, of the allotment of Keating lands in Liberty township, together with part of land known as the Des Chappelle lot, and being parts of Warrants Nos. 2181 and 2171. ALSO—One other piece of land situate in Liberty township, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a hemlock, being the southeast corner corner of the allotment of land of A. B Des Chappelle; thence north 15 perches to a post corner; thence east 24 and 5-10 perches to a Hemlock corner; thence south 154 perches to a post corner; thence west 55 perches to a hemlock corner; thence south 26 perches to a hemlock corner; thence west 21 and 2-10 perches to a post corner; thence north 165 perches to a post corner; thence east 51 and 7-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing seventy-two and seven-tenths acres, strict measure, be the same, more or less, being lot No. 127, of the allotment of Keating lands in the said township, and part of Warrant No. 2166. ALSO—Another tract of land situate in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a hemlock corner, standing 16 perches south, and 104 perches east from the basswood at the southeast corner of the last described lot, No. 127; thence north 64 perches to a post corner; thence east 80 perches to a post corner; thence south 64 perches to a post corner; thence west 80 perches to the place of beginning, containing 32 acres, strict measure, be the same, more or less, being lot No. 67 of the allotment of Keating lands in said township, and part of Warrant No. 2166; together with one frame house, wing and woodshed, one blacksmith shop, three barns and shed, one board house, one shed barn, one store building, one tool house, one corn house, 1 large orchard, and about 150 acres of land improved, one well, one shingle mill, one water-power saw mill, dam, boom, &c.

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of Daniel Clark, at the suit of Ames & Halliday.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 29, 1876.

Jury Lists.

A List of Traverse Jurors Drawn For June Term, 1876.

Annin—J C Evans.
Bradford—E F Colegrove, Theron Howard, H D Turner, Chas Youngs.
Bradford boro'—Harrison Holmes, G W Kelley.
Ceres—N L Adams.
Corydon—Benj Morrison.
Eldred—Wm Brooder, D J Keyes, Ransom Larrabee, A Shaw.
Hamlin—H W Burlingame, Thos H Emery, F E Peck.
Hamilton—Lyman Palmater.
Keating—Palmer L Abbey, A R Cory, Geo Hyde, John Hussey, Otis Irons, James Tracy, John P Tyler.
Lafayette—Abram Anderson, Albert Newton.
Liberty—Wm Dunbar, S J Leighton, Geo Mefford, H J Barrett.
Norwich—C W Dickenson, A C Goodman.
Sergeant—Pat Dougherty.
Wetmore—Michael Daly, Wm Haverson, Peter Jarvis.

A List Of Grand Jurors Drawn For June Term, 1876.

Bradford—A W Boyd Hiram Beardsley, Roswell Cook, David DeGolier, Henry Mitchell.
Bradford boro'—C C Melvin, Wilber Doolittle.
Ceres—W M Mersereau.
Corydon—J H Smith.
Eldred—Wm Cummings, Enoch Littlefield, S D Morris, Waterbury Miller, Wm Roberts, Edgar Wolcott.
Hamlin—L B Fletcher.
Keating—John Boyce, Wm Dibble, John McKernan.
Liberty—Calvin Pettys.
Otto—F W Sprague.
Sergeant—W S Cornelius, Chas R Moore.
Smethport—O W Gallup.

A REILLY, } Jury Comm'rs
O VOSBURG, }

License Petitions.

THE FOLLOWING PETITIONS HAVE been filed with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of McKean County, to June Sessions, 1876.

FOR TAVERN LICENSE.

Philip Spiekernagle,	Bradford township
Edward Dolan,	Bradford township
Ransom Larrabee,	Eldred township
Wm Haskell,	Smethport boro
Sally A Palmer,	Liberty township
P Van Every,	Sergeant township
James O Neil,	Bradford township
John Keown,	Bradford boro
T. Mullin, Jr.,	Bradford boro
R W Green,	Bradford boro
Eugene Mullin,	Liberty township
S C Sartwell,	Liberty township
Geo Welker,	Wetmore township

FOR WHOLESALE AND RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSE.

John Heffman,	Sergeant township
G Frey & S M Bear	Bradford boro
Karon Hanlon,	Liberty township
Charles Geary,	Lafayette township
J L Andrews,	Bradford boro
John Quigley & M P Murphy,	Bradford boro

FOR EATING HOUSE LICENSE.

Philip W Roth,	Bradford boro
M C Fulton,	Bradford boro
L B Bishop,	Liberty township
Jeremiah Cronan,	Bradford township
W T Osgood,	Bradford boro

McKean County, ss:

Certified from the Record.
C K SARTWELL, Clerk.
JNO R CHADWICK, Dep'y.

Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS, the Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS President Judge and the Hons. W. S. BROWNELL and LOYAL WARD, Associate Judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of M'Kean have issued their precept, bearing date Monday, Mar. 2, A. D. 1876, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Smethport on Monday, the 19th day of June 1876, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of M'Kean, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Smethport, May 29, 1876, and the 100th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Orphan's Court Sale.

In re ESTATE OF JAMES BUTLER, DECEASED. } IN THE ORPHAN'S COURT OF McKEAN COUNTY.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Administratrix of the estate of James Butler, late of Ceres township, McKean county, deceased, by virtue of an order of Orphan's Court held in and for said county, on the fourth day of March A. D. 1876, and to the said Administratrix, directed, will expose to public sale on Thursday, June 22, 1876, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the premises, all the interest of the said Decedent, in the following described Real Estate, situate in Ceres township, said county, to wit: Lots Nos 273 and 319 in Warrants Nos. 3446 and 3447; lot No 466, in Warrant No 3886; lot Number 466, in Ceres township Number 3886; all situate in Ceres township aforesaid, said lots joining together and making one entire farm, containing two hundred and seven acres, more or less, with mansion house, barns, &c.

TERMS CASH.

BRIDGET P. BUTLER, Administratrix.

Smethport, Pa., May 30, 1876.

LOCAL MATTERS.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The subscription price of the Miner is $2.00 a year. If paid in advance a reduction of twenty-five per cent. is allowed, making the subscription $1.50. Subscribers must not expect a discount when their subscription has expired over three months, and we hope they'll not ask it.

Churches.

METHODIST.—J. C. Whiteside, pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 10½ a. m. Class Meeting at 11½ a. m. Prayer Meetings on Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7½ p. m.

Preaching at Norwich at 2 p. m., and at Clermont at 6 p. m. every other Sabbath. And Preaching at Cole Creek at 2 p. m. every alternate Sabbath.

BAPTIST.—O. J. Rose, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m. and at 7½ p. m. Sunday School immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Hafner school house.

H. S. Redfield and wife are in town.

— W. A. Williams started for New York on Monday.

— The next President of the United States will be nominated this month.

— A new walk and carriage platform is being built in front of the Bennet House.

There's a bonus of a street sprinkler. At last we suppose so, for that is what McKenzie said they called it.

Frank N. Taylor's store glows and glitters with the National colors both outside and inside, and the counters are thronged with customers.

— We do not want any one to get excited, but the Nunda Democrat asserts that the Rochester, Nunda & Pa. road will be in operation in six months!

— It is a matter of common remark that the rather unsightly pile of brick on the east side of the public square does not add very much to the beauty of the county property. Can't the Commissioners see to it that it is removed?

— The firm of Hamilton & Butterworth, publishers of the Potter Journal, has been dissolved by mutual agreement. Mr. Butterworth will continue the business. Mr. Hamilton goes to Cape May, N. J. to enter into business.

— Another case of those beautiful [illegible] hats has just been received by Barden & Roberts. Call. Also a splendid new line of fine boots, shoes, clothing, shirting, sheeting &c., which they are selling cheaper than ever. Quick sales and small profits is their motto. Every one who has had occasion to visit this store can vouch for the truth of this. We say to all come and see us, and we will show you goods and prices that will suit you.

Court Proceedings.

— A. F. Taylor, D. C. Young and Frank N. Taylor appointed Executors on the estate of A. N. Taylor.

— L. F. Waller appointed Poor master in place of P. Ford, resigned, for the borough of Smethport.

In case of Jas. H. Bojiar vs. S. J. Backus, jury found a verdict in favor of defendant.

— In case of S. A. Backus vs. Mills & Bingham the jury found in favor of the plaintiff.

Rufus B. Stone admitted and sworn in as an Attorney at this bar.

Chattel vs. Glass. Jury found in favor of plaintiff for sum of $1298 35.

— Windsor vs Baker. Jury found in favor of plaintiff for the sum of $46.53.

The Fourth At Port Allegany.

At a meeting of the citizens of Port Allegany held at the Palmer House, on Monday, the 5th day of June 1876, for the purpose of making arrangements for the celebration of the coming Aniversary of our national Independence, Mr. C. N. Barrett was elected Chairman, and P. R. Cotter, Secretary. On motion it was resolved that a committee of five be appointed to organize and carry out the arrangements of the celebration, with power to appoint sub-committees. Mr. N. R. Baird, O. C. Snyder, Eugene Mullin, Chas. N. Barrett and A. H. Bradbury, were appointed as such committee. After which the meeting adjourned until Saturday evening, the 10th inst., at the same place.

P. R. Cotter, Sec'y.

A Sad Accident.

A sad accident occurred last Saturday on the Buffalo, Bradford & Pittsburgh railway, near Bradford borough, resulting in the death of Charles Schoolmaster, a brakeman on the road. He was crushed between two cars while engaged in adjusting the coupling. The tragic character of the accident was enhanced by the fact that it took place directly in front of his own home and in full view of one or two members of his family. Their horror and grief can be better imagined than described, more especially as he was a young man of most estimable character, steady, industrious and energetic, and respected by all who knew him. The coroner's inquest resulted in a verdict of accidental death.

Frank N. Taylor's Opening.

As we predicted last week, Frank Taylor has shown most excellent taste and good sense in the selection of goods, and an inspection of the immense stock that is continually arriving at his store will satisfy any one. He bought upon the principle that a merchant cannot secure the trade unless he has the goods to sell, and that our citizens would much prefer to trade at home than elsewhere if they could have the benefit of the latest styles and prices. The soundness of the principle is apparent from the fact that his store has been crowded with eager buyers ever since his new goods have commenced to arrive. One enterprising business man is worth more to a town than twenty dreaming philosophers, and as Frank has started out we predict for him a prosperous and useful career as a merchant. He certainly deserves commendation for his efforts to retain the home trade where it naturally belongs.

The New Directory.

The work of compiling the new Directory of McKean county is being pushed as rapidly as possible. The publishers are happy to state that they are receiving greater encouragements than they anticipate. They hope to have every business man in the county represented in its pages, and to supply every citizen with a book. The work will be replete with information regarding the county. It will be sold at the low price of one Dollar, which will not more than cover the expense of printing and compiling.

The United States Hotel.

The United States Hotel of this city has been pronounced by competent judges the best two-dollar house in the country. Its proprietors, Bonney & Son, have certainly had the requisite experience, and the continued popularity of their house is sufficient evidence of the success of their efforts to combine cheapness with comfort. The "United States" is centrally located on the Terrace, being accessible to the several railroad depots, and very convenient to all the principal business streets.—*Buffalo Express.*

Bradford Items.

— The Tait well is reported to be producing about ten barrels.

— The Hampshire & Co. well, on the Fuller farm, is flowing forty barrels a day from the shale rock, from a depth of eight hundred and fifty feet.

— Work begins this week on the Prentice well, on Lewis Run, seven miles south of Bradford.

— Prentice & Co. have located eleven wells on the Melvin farm.

— Emery & Co. have six wells drilling.

— A new hardware store is in course of erection and a grocery and provision store will soon be opened at Tarport.

On to Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Special inducements are offered by the L. S. & M. S. R. R. to all who intend to go to the political conventions at Cincinnati and St. Louis. For the round trip, tickets will be sold at less than half price, as follows: Buffalo to Cincinnati and return, $12; Buffalo to St. Louis and return, $20. The tickets will be good for 30 days. Sales will commence June 7th at the company's office, No. 21 Exchange street, and also at the Exchange-street Depot. Palace sleeping-cars can be chartered for the round trip at $30 per day each, by giving timely notice to J. H. Burch, or W. S. Odell, superintendent of sleeping-cars, at the Exchange-street Depot, Buffalo. Should rates vary, the lowest quoted by any line will be promptly met by a corresponding reduction on the L. S. & M. S.

A Happy Event.

A happy party met at the residence of Eben Gallup, in Keating township, at 11 o'clock a. m., on Tuesday of this week to witness the union of Mr. Warley Gifford and Miss Emma Gallup. We know that it was a happy party, for we were so fortunate as to witness the "send off" of the new bride and groom at the Larrabee Station and to all appearances the cup of joy of the entire party seemed full to overflowing. The ceremony was performed by Rev O. J. Rose, after which the invited guests sat down to an excellent and elegant dinner, which being heartily discussed, Mr and Mrs. Warley Gifford set forth at one and the same time upon their journey of life and a trip to the Centennial Exhibition.

To those who are acquainted with the parties this cannot but seem one of those fortunate matches that are said to be "made in Heaven," combining upon the one side all that is honorable, upright and manly, and upon the other that purity of character and sweetness of disposition so charming in a perfect woman, cemented by the bonds of a perfect, trusting, patient and all enduring love. It is the unselfish wish of a host of friends that the choicest blessings of Heaven may ever attend the young couple so happily and auspiciously mated for life.

Death of Mary Wendel.

Miss Mary Wendel, daughter of Paul Wendel, of Norwich township, died at the residence of her father, at three o'clock, on Monday morning, the 5th inst., of consumption and pleurisy, with effusion of serum at the base of the brain.

Although Mary had been sick some time, her death came suddenly and unexpected, with but a few days warning, and cast a gloom over a large circle of friends and acquaintances. She has lived for the past five years in the family of P. Ford, Esq., of this place, and being possessed of a lively, sunny, disposition, a large heart and good character, found friends in all with whom she became acquainted. Six months ago she appeared the model of health and a perfect type of womanly beauty of form and figure. She was not yet 19 years of age when she died, and in her early and unlooked for summons we are forcibly taught the frailty of the tenure of life and earthly hopes.

On account of certain unfounded and cruel rumors that were afloat, her physician, Dr. H. L. McCoy, called a post-mortem examination after her death. There were present Drs. Follet, of Olean; Chrisman, of Eldred; W. Y. & H. L. McCoy, Freeman & Brown, of Smethport. Drs. Goltry, of Port Allegany, and Balfour, of Emporium, were invited, but were unable to be present. The examination established beyond question the nature of her disease and the cause of her death as we have stated above.

The funeral services were held yesterday under charge of Rev. Joel Clark, of Emporium. The large attendance, from both Smethport and Norwich township, fully attested the high esteem in which the deceased was held by all who knew her.

— The artist, Bergstresser, who has been spending a few weeks in Port Allegany, will remain in Smethport next week for the purpose of filling orders at home.

Backus vs. The Railroad.

The most important cause tried at the special term of Court last week, was the case of Seth A. Backus vs. Mills & Bingham. Sometime in 1872 Mr. Backus gave his judgment note to Messrs. Mills & Bingham, for the sum of five thousand dollars, upon which judgment was entered and execution issued. Mr. Backus made application to open the judgment, and be let into a defence upon the ground that the judgment was not the property of Mills & Bingham, but belonged to the Rochester, Nunda & Pennsylvania R. R. Co., and as he held a judgment of some six thousand dollars against the said company, his judgment should be set off against the other. It was alleged by Mr. Backus that at the time the note was given, negotiations were pending between him and the Rochester Company, for a transfer to them of the Charter of the Northern Railroad & Navigation Company; and that the loan of the five thousand dollars to Backus was made a condition precedent to the transfer of the said Charter, and although NOMINALLY loaned by the gentlemen in question was, in reality, furnished by the Rochester Company, the gentlemen named simply acting as trustees for the Company in advancing the funds.

For the purpose of trying the title to the judgment, a feigned issue was directed by the Court, with S. A. Backus as plaintiff, and Mills & Bingham as defendants. The cause was tried before his honor, Judge Williams, and upon the most satisfactory and overwhelming proof a verdict was rendered for Mr Backus.

The Attorney who plead the case for the Rochester Company failed to appreciate the calibre of the jury trying the cause, and substituting abuse for argument, he spirted the dregs of insolence and insult upon some of the most respectable and intelligent business men that ever took the witness stand. Had the character of these gentlemen been in bad repute, the gross attack made by the counsel might have been justifiable; but considering their known integrity, the evidence given by the defendants themselves, and the whole array of circumstances in the case, the plea of the counsel can only be regarded as an unparalleled example of insolence without boldness, and meanness without cunning. The counsel has doubtless learned, ere this, that Pennsylvania juries are not moulded by speeches, but look only to the evidence in the cause, and in determining upon that evidence, exercise an enlightened judgment, which abuse cannot prejudice nor the swagger of a giant overawe.

The argument of Mr. Olmsted, counsel for Mr. Backus, completely turned the tables on the New York lawyer, and after a careful analysis and comparison of the evidence, he demonstrated the hollowness of the defendants' claims, and the justice of those of Mr. Backus. The charge of the able Judge was clear, impartial and just, and met the approval of both litigating parties. The justice of the verdict is universally admitted, and we congratulate Mr. Backus upon his escape from the clutches of that association of sharpers, "whose teeth are as swords, and whose jaw teeth are as knives."

BILLIARDS.—We are pleased to learn that Hod. A. Collins has taken full charge of the Hartwell Bros Billiard Rooms, and proposes by means of a liberal application of paint and paper and a general overhauling of the institution to make the rooms a popular and pleasant resort. The room and tables will be kept in such shape as to invite the patronage of all who enjoy a harmless and pleasant game of billiards. Drop in and see.

The Common School in Kane.

It will doubtless be conceded on all hands that the Common Schools in Kane have, thus far—been failures; I will endeavor to point out some of the causes of the failure.

1st. As to books—the children are not supplied with a sufficient number of books. In classes consisting of from six to fifteen scholars each I noticed that there were only three books of course it is impossible for children to make any progress without books. It is not only necessary that each child in a class should have a book, but it is necessary that all the children in a class should have the same kind of books. Is it not absurd to have the scholar at the head reading in Sander's and the one at the foot staring at Osgood's?

2d. The lack of good order in our school is another cause of failure. 1st. The want of sufficient books contributes very much to augment the disorder for children will be active in some way, and if they have no books to keep them busy, they will be engaged in some kind of mischief. 2d. The Courts of Investigation held by the Directors themselves, at which the teacher is put on trial for some alleged misdeed in sight of the whole school, tends greatly to weaken discipline. The teacher is thus set up as an object of contempt before the scholars, some of whom range themselves on the side of the teacher, others against the teacher, and all highly interested in the scandal that is about to be brought to light. 3d. But perhaps the principal cause of the great disorder in our schools is the foolishness of those parents, who object to have their children punished, thinking that the mild way is the best way. This is conceded, but then there is not one teacher in fifty capable of governing by mild means only. Order is a necessity to be had "peaceably if we can, forcibly if we must."

3d. Another cause of failure is the lack of any stated Annual Quarterly examination of the scholars, such as is held in Ridgway, and I believe, in Smethport, but instead of such examination, we have an exhibition, which in itself, is a fruitful source of mischief. We do not object to anything that is done at these exhibitions, by the teachers, or the scholars, we commend all that, but our objection refers only to the audience. Is it right to place a girl on the platform before an audience composed to a considerable extent of the most profane and vulgar men and boys we have in the community. I attended an exhibition once, at which I heard more cursing and obscenity, than I ever heard before in so short a time. The children were interrupted by shouts hisses and whistling which made me think that it was a very unfit place for children to be.

4th. The School is not supplied with maps or with anything else that I know of, except two small black-boards. Can it be that that the Common School system, in defence of which so much eloquence is used, is a source of evil and not of good? We hope not. But one thing is certain, until the defects referred to above are remedied our Kane School will continue to be just what it is now, an utter failure.

WM. HUBBARD.

AUCTION SALE.

Thursday Afternoon and Evening, June 15, 1876.

AT FRANK N. TAYLOR'S STORE.

There will be an auction sale of Dry Goods and Merchandise at the store of Frank N. Taylor, next week Thursday afternoon and evening, and every Thursday afternoon and evening until further notice. The store is full of the best line of goods, and any article will be sold to the highest bidder, FOR CASH. No book account will be made at these sales. Remember the time—Every Thursday afternoon and evening—and be on hand prepared to get good bargains.

— A Bradford correspondent gives the following facts and figures:

The total production for the month of May was 24,800 bbls, or an average daily production of 800 bbls; as compared with 720 bbls in April, and 680 bbls in March.

The stock on hand in tank, outside of pipe line storage is about 5,500 bbls.

The present number of wells is between 60 and 70. The development of the region is extending south, two new wells being now in process nearly seven miles south of Bradford, besides the one in the same vicinity commenced by Mr. Fred Prentice, the Vanderbilt of the region. The present prospect is that the field will in a short time be developed as far south as Kane.

— A drunken brawl occurred at Green's hotel on Wednesday night between Pat Mulligan and Pat McMann, in which Green, the landlord, was very severely injured. McMann, and Mulligan were fighting and Green attempting to separate them, and oblige them to leave the premises, was dealt a terrible blow in the neck by McMann. He fell backward, and striking his head against the bar, became insensible. It was feared for some time that he never would breathe again. Dr Van Scoy, who was summoned, pronounced his injuries to be concussion of the brain. He remained in a half unconscious state during Wednesday night, and remains delirious a great portion of the time. No arrests have been made.—*Era.*

Dental Notice.

Dr Lewis will be in Smethport on Monday, June 12th, and remain during the week. He will be pleased to wait upon those wishing dental services. Rooms at the Wright House.

B. F. LEWIS.

THE NEW TOWN HALL AT AYER.—This elegant structure is now complete. In beauty of design it surpasses anything of its kind in the State. Constructed of brick and dark marble it is as permanent as it is charming. The English architects have adorned it, in subdued colors, which please without tiring the eye. Dr J. C. Ayer built and gave it to the town in acknowledgment of the distinction they conferred upon him in taking his name. Although it is a famous gift still the hearty good wishes of a whole people are of greater value, and the generous donor has doubtless secured them.—*Charleston Sentinel.*

WITHOUT A PARALLEL?—We believe that the wonderful results accomplished by the use of "*Shiloh's Consumption Cure*" are without a parallel in the history of Medicine. Those who disbelieve this and have occasion to try it, can be convinced without expense to themselves. Its success is so wonderful and sure that we sell it on a guarantee to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping-cough, Croup. In these cases or any Lung trouble don't fail to try it, it may save your life, while it will cost you nothing if it gives you no relief. Call at the Drug Store of A. B. Armstrong's,—and get a trial bottle for 5 cents, or a regular size for 50 cents or $1.00.

S. C. WELLS, Sole Prop'r LeRoy, N. Y.

"*HACKMETACK*" a new and delightful Perfume sold by, A. B. Armstrong.

13-31eow-6m

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.—The victories of science.—*Domestic Remedies.* Steam, Electric Telegraphs, Printing, &c., have each had their particular ovation, but the man who has reduced the sphere of disease, and alleviated the sufferings of millions of his fellow beings, is, to say the least of it, entitled to our admiration. Holloway has expended a lifetime in the suppression of sickness throughout the world, and for the effective cures of measles, small-pox, ring-worms, whooping-cough, and all disorders affecting childhood, his Pills and Ointment are as familiar as household words in Europe, Asia, Africa and America. Mothers should never be without a supply. 188

Headaches—Their Cause and Cure.

Bilious headaches are caused by the blood being overcharged with Carbonaceous matter. It is commonly called "thick," and "impure." There is too little waste, or effete matter thrown off from the system, compared to the nutriment taken into it. The system may be likened to a stove. Abundance of fuel has been introduced, and burning down the drafts becomes clogged with ashes and cinders, and the fire burns only feebly. It must be cleansed, then the fire will burn again. So with the system when it becomes clogged. It must be cleansed. Some headaches are nervous—i. e. the nerves are irritated and weakened. They need a nerve medicine, but a nerve medicine will not act when the system is clogged. Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic both cleanses the system and builds up the nerves and so cures all those diseases by removing the cause.

It causes the liver to throw off its bile. It cleanses out the entire Alimentary Canal and rids it of worms and other vermin that inhabit an unhealthy stomach and bowels.

It completely cleanses and purifies the blood and at the same time strengthens and heals the Stomach, Nervous System, Heart, Lungs, Kidneys and all other tissues.

Dr. Fenner can cure any headache in 3 to 10 minutes with his Golden Relief, but the Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic prevents their coming on again by removing the cause.

Manufactured by Dr. M. M. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.

For sale by all dealers in medicines, and by A. B. Armstrong, of Smethport.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made at the June term of Court of Common Pleas of McKean County for Charter of Incorporation of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, of Port Allegany, Pa.

JAMES K. MOORE & others.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the estate of A. N. Taylor, late of Smethport borough, McKean County, Pennsylvania, dec'd, must make immediate settlement to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against the said estate must present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

A. F. TAYLOR,
D. C. YOUNG, } Executors.
F. N. TAYLOR.

June3w5

MARK THESE FACTS!

THE TESTIMONY OF THE WHOLE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Sores and Ulcers.

Any description of sores are remediable by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation. To attempt to cure bad legs by plastering the edges of the wound together is a folly; for should the skin unite, a boggy diseased condition remains underneath to break out with tenfold fury in a few days. The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation in and about the wound and to soothe the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment as salt is forced into meat. This will cause the malignant humors to be drained off from the hard, swollen, and discolored parts about the wound, sore or ulcer, and when these humors are removed, the wounds themselves will soon heal, warm bread and water poultices applied over the affected parts, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in, will soothe and soften the same and greatly assist the cure. There is a description of ulcer, sore and swelling, which need not be named here, attendant upon the follies of youth, and for which this Ointment is urgently recommended as a sovereign remedy. In curing such poisonous sores it never fails to restore the system to a healthy state if the Pills be taken according to the printed instructions.

Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, and Scarlet and other Fevers.

Any of the above diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the patient; it will soon penetrate, and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Whoever tries the unguent in the above manner for the diseases named, or any similar disorders affecting the chest and throat, will find themselves relieved as by a charm. All sufferers from these complaints should envelope the throat at bedtime in a large bread and water poultice, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in; it will greatly assist the cure of the throat and chest. To allay the fever and lessen the inflammation, eight or ten Pills should be taken night and morning. The Ointment will produce perspiration, the grand essential in all cases of fevers, sore throats, or where there might be an oppression of the chest, either from asthma or other cause.

Piles, Fistulas, Strictures.

The above class of complaints will be removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then the most effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should lose not a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be well rubbed in for a considerable time two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though palpable to the eye. There again bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only sure treatment for females, cases of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general bearing down.

Indiscretions of Youth;—Sores and Ulcers

Blotches, as also swellings, can, with certainty, be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills taken night and morning, as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way they only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time with the use of the Pills to insure a lasting cure.

Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis and Stiff Joints.

Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they all require local treatment. Many of the worst cases, of disease, will yield in a comparatively short space of time when this Ointment is diligently rubbed into the affected parts, even after every other means have failed. In all serious maladies the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

BOTH THE OINTMENT AND PILLS SHOULD BE USED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES

Bad Legs,
Bad Breasts,
Burns,
Bunions,
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand-Flies,
Coco-bay,
Chiego-foot,
Chilblains,
Chapped Hands,
Corns (soft,
Cancers,
Contracted and Stiff Joints,
Elephantiasis,
Fistulas,
Gout,
Glandular Swellings,
Lumbago,
Piles,
Rheumatism,
Scalds,
Sore Nipples,
Sore Throats,
Skin Diseases,
Scurvy,
Sore Heads,
Tumors,
Ulcers,
Wounds,
Yaws.

Caution. None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box, of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Prof. HOLLOWAY & Co., New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world in pots at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

Bennett House,

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

Smethport, Pa.

Wm. HASKELL - - - - Prop'r.

This hotel is the most centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House and in the centre of business. It has been recently enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, and is by far the best arranged and best furnished Hotel in Northern Pennsylvania.

☞ *Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.* 23

WRIGHT HOUSE

B. F. Wright, Prop'r.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

First Class in Every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first class hotel. A well stocked and well kept bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

Bradford House,

Cor. Main & Mechanic Streets,

BRADFORD, PENN'A.

ED. DOLAN, *Proprietor.*

☞ *The leading Hotel in the Bradford oil region and first class in every particular.*

Taylor House,

LARRABEE, PA.

D. F. PATTISON, PROP'R.

This house is located at the junction of the B. N. Y. & P. and McK. & B. roads. It has been newly fitted and furnished, and no pains will be spared to accommodate guests.

☞ *A Clean Meal and Clean Bed Guaranteed.*

Larrabee House,

LARRABEE, PA.

R. LARRABEE, - - - PROP'R.

Located but a few steps from the McKean & Buffalo and the B. N. Y. & Phila. depots.

PEABODY HOUSE,

CORNER OF LOCUST AND NINTH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No changes to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout.* He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodation for 300 guests. Terms only $3 per day.

No bar has ever been kept in the HENRY HOUSE, nor will any be kept at the PEABODY.

13n3m

R. O. SMITH & Co.

Would respectfully call attention to the following

DEPARTMENTS

DRESS GOODS.

This Department is unusually attractive. Full and complete lines of Black Goods. Novelties in New Fabrics and Colorings, at prices that cannot fail to attract attention.

SHAWLS.

Novelties in Cashmere and Shetland Shawls. Large assortment Paisley Shawls.

LADIES' LINEN SUITS.

A nice assortment of Ladies Linen Suits; also, Linens in Piece, and Embroidered trimmings to match.

GLOVES & HOSIERY.

Full assortments Lisle Thread, Silk and Kid Gloves. Hosiery in fine qualities, Bleached, Brown and Striped. All the Novelties in Ladies' Ties. Large assortment of Neck Ruches.

PARASOLS.

Large variety in all qualities, with French Horn, Ebony and Peal Handles.

CARPETS.

Our Carpet Stock includes the best Makes in Market, and at Prices to suit the present Times.

Our lines of DOMESTICS, HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c., are the largest ever opened by us.

These Goods were purchased on an unusually depressed Market. They are paid for, and all discounts secured. We are in shape to sell them cheaper than any House in Western New York. A personal examinination will convince you of our disposition so to do.

R. O. SMITH & CO.

M. A. SPRAGUE,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE

SMETHPORT, PA.,

The following List comprises some of the many articles constantly on hand:

Adzes
Axes
Augurs
Augur Bits
Awls
Axle clips
Axle grease
Apple parers
Barn door hinges
Barn door rails
Barn door rollers
Base knobs
Bath brick
Bed casters
Bell cords
Beef pounders
Bells
Bench hooks
Bench screws
Bevels
Bits
Blacking
Blind butts
Blind staples
Bolts, all kinds
Boot jacks
Borax
Boring machines
Brushes
Buckets
Bull rings
Butts, all kinds
Candle sticks
Cake turners
Calipers
Caps, percussion
Carpet stretchers
Cartridges
Castors
catches
Cattle leaders
Chain, all kinds
Chalk lines
Chalk
Crayons
Chisels, all kinds
Clamps
Cleavers
Clothes lines
Clothes wringers
Coal hods
Coffee mills
Corn cutters
Corn poppers
Crow bars
Curry combs
Curtain pins
Cutlery
Dippers
Dividers
Dog collars
Draw shaves
Egg beaters
Expansive bits
Faucets
Felloe plates
Files
Fluting machines
Forks all kinds
Freezers
Fry pans
Gate hinges
Gauges
Gimlets
Glazier's point
Glue
Glue pots
Grain sickles
Gridirons
Gunpowder
Grindstones
Gun nipples
Hammers
Hand vises
Handles all kinds
Hasps and staples
Hatchets
Hay knives
Hinges all kinds
Hoes
Hooks all kinds
Horse pokes
Horse rakes
Horse hoes
Iron all kinds—and Fishing, [illegible]
Kettles
Keys
Knives
Lamps
Lanterns
Levels
Locks
Mallets
Match safes
Measuring tapes
Meat cutters
Molasses gates
Mop sticks
Mouse traps
Mowing machines
Nails
Oils
Oilers
Oil stones
Picks
Picture nails
Planes
Pulleys
Pumps
Plows
Rakes
Razors
Rivets
Ropes
Rules
Safety fuse
Sand paper
Sauce pans
Saws all kinds
Scissors
Scoops, coal and grain
Screw drivers
Screws
Scythes
Sheep shears
Shot
Shovels
Sieves
Spades
Spoons
Squares
Staples
Tacks
Tea kettles
Tobacco boxes
Tea mills
Tongs
Trowels
Tin ware, all kinds
Vices
Varnish
Wad cutters
Washers
Whiffletree hooks
White lead
Wrenches, Monkey
Wheel barrows &c, &c.

Also Agent for the reliable **Grover & Baker** S. M. Co. Call and see late improvements, &c., on this machine.

PATTERSON.

J. H. PATTERSON,

JEWELER.

Having established a Jewelry store in the MINER Building would solicit the patronage of the public. All kinds of work done in the best style and at reasonable prices.

May 13, 1876.

J. P. WENDEL,

Dealer in

FINE GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS.

FLOUR, PORK, LARD,

SALT, AND FISH,

Selected

TEAS.

Pure

COFFEES and SPICES.

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS.

And a variety of all other goods usually kept in a First Class Store.

Main st. Smethport, Pa.

PHARAOH'S CONTRIBUTION.

The Old-st Country Represented at the Centennial—Egypt's Display of Natural and Manufacture Products.

The Egyptian exhibition in the Main building embraces a wide range of natural and manufactured products. A careful study of this collection will convince the intelligent observer that the nation has advanced but little since the days of the Pharaohs, for though she has adopted a few modern inventions, she has forgotten some of the old ones.

The show of manufactured goods embraces woolen, cotton, and linen cloths, silks and stuffs interwoven with gold, and specimens of cotton in gorgeous Turkey red. These fancy fabrics are not very fine, with the exception of some silks, which are really creditable; the linen is comparable to crash toweling, and the carpeting is inferior. A small piece of satinet, or of cassimere, is not remarkable for fineness or finish. There are morocco shoes or slippers which look neat because they are colored yellow, but they do not compare favorably with the ladies' fancy shoes to be seen in New York shop windows. Cotton, linen and woolen yarns are coarser than the art manufactured in our Southern household, the cotton of which is known as "500." There are several specimens of tanned leather, probably sheepskin, of the quality used by our bookbinders, but without any finish.

A large case of silk cocoons is really magnificent, and probably the best in the Exhibition, showing the capabilities of Egypt for producing silk. It is to be noted here, says a New York Sun correspondent, that silk culture has invariably failed in the United States, and is likely to fail for many years, for the reason that during the period of the hatching of the worms a vast amount of painful care, and even of silence, is required.

There are samples of [illegible] and furniture, but the glass bottles are evidently of European manufacture, and there is a large show of wine in black, common looking bottles. The finish in the putting up is by no means neat. There are half a dozen loaves or large cakes of dark bread, from which it is to be inferred that their wheat flour is not bolted. A brass coffee pot, holding two or three quarts, is to be seen, and near by are earthen pipes and bone articles, little boxes and notions, and horn and ivory combs, which are well made. There is also a collection of silver, ornamented in various ways, but the metal is dark, almost black, showing that the articles have been kept as heirlooms, and evidently they are extremely old. The form and design of these silver utensils show some taste, but this is not conspicuous.

A water filter, resting on a marble stand or stool, is in good shape, because it was formed on a potter's wheel, but other vessels are one-sided and "out of true." There is no indication that the turning lathe is much in use, a wooden bowl holding four or five quarts was chipped out by hand, and the shape formed by the eye. Swords, spears, knives and all such implements were forged by hand. The great art of cutting and forming metal utensils and implements by means of stamps and dies, which has worked marvels in the manufactures of civilized nations, seems to be unknown in Egypt.

A complete collection of saddles, bridles and like equipments is made. It is interesting to note that the horse saddles are almost exactly like the saddles now in use on our Western plains, having a suitable frame or tree covered with raw hide and fastened by a "cinch." In the [illegible] are found drums, tambourines, and other warlike musical instruments. There are nice specimens of books in Arabic, but there is a suspicion that the binding is French work, and the large plate maps and engravings must be. A little form containing metal type resembles an amateur's outfit.

I find a fine collection of thirty or forty different kinds of forest trees, including sycamore, pine, laurel, acacia, willow, and cypress, showing by the sections that the trees were from ten inches to two feet in diameter, while the appearance of the bark and fiber indicates a slow and difficult growth, always characteristic of mountain and desert countries.

Nothing is more interesting than the agricultural products, which are in great variety. There are seeds of squashes, gourds, melons, hazelnuts, peanuts, of fruits, onions, beans, peas, and a great many more of strange vegetables, including seeds of perhaps twenty grasses and a few hundred fruits. There are sheaves of wheat, barley, millet, and flax, but the straw is short, though this does not always indicate a low average yield. The heads of the grain, however, are not remarkably well filled out.

I counted at least seventy five little glass cases holding a few quarts each, containing grain and other seed, including half a dozen kinds of wheat, corresponding to our white winter, club, Mediterranean, winter red, spring, red and white spring. Some samples of wheat are plump and full and indicate that excellent bread might be made from it. Egypt has been a wonderful wheat country from the earliest ages; and for centuries it supplied the city of Rome with bread. In the countries where irrigation is practiced as in Egypt the yield is heavy.

Probably the most interesting exhibit to Americans in this collection of grain is several samples of our great staple, corn or maize, both shelled and on the cob. The ears are small and stunted, some of them so diminutive and poor as to resemble the "squaw corn" grown by the Indian women of Dakota and the upper Missouri country. The yield could not have been more than ten bushels to the acre. At first thought this will surprise, but it must be remembered that in our country we have what is called a corn belt, embracing central Illinois, not exceeding 150 miles in width, where corn does best, and within which our surplus is grown; and that on either side the yield gradually diminishes till it almost ceases to be grown, which explains why fifteen bushels to the acre in the cotton States, corresponding to that of Egypt, is a full average crop.

The Egyptian flax looks extremely well, and a seed that resembles either sorgo or broom corn is plump and heavy. Oats we sought for, but discovered none.

Also of great interest are seven boxes containing samples of the sand and soil of that far off country. The sand is of a yellowish color, evidently from the plains in the vicinity of the pyramids, and it seems infertile. The soil proper is from the neighborhood of Cairo, is of a dark brown, almost of that mulatto color which on our prairies is considered choice, and is thickly strewn with what seems to be coarse granite gravel in a state of disintegration. It is undoubtedly rich in all the elements of fertility.

Of cotton there are several hundred little packages weighing a few ounces each, all of it ginned; and also samples in the seed, which have the appearance of our Southern cotton when the bolls have opened after frost—that is to say, the staple is short. As one looks at it he understands why Egyptian cotton failed to compete with American cotton after the war. But it is not fair to say they cannot raise better cotton were they to cultivate with wisdom; still, it is probably true that no country will ever equal ours in growing cotton. It will be interesting to compare the Egyptian specimens with cotton from India.

Fair samples of white sugar are shown, both in the loaf and in the granulated form. The white has a tinge of brown, showing that the Egyptians do not well understand the clarifying process. The government of Egypt has paid great attention to sugar growing, and extensive sugar mills and refineries have been established. The business ought to prove highly profitable.

It is a great deficiency in the Egyptian exhibition that there are neither plows nor other agricultural implements. A full grown crocodile is now on exhibition, but not a plow, hoe, or harrow.

Fashion Notes.

Ball dresses are made without sleeves.

Gray and black brocades are much worn.

Yak lace is coming into favor for out-of door wear.

All skirts are quite plain at the waist to the side seam.

Fashion allows full scope in the garniture of ball dresses.

For an ordinary evening party sleeves are worn to the elbow.

Fringes and laces are worn in great profusion and very fine qualities.

Immense quantities of ribbon are worn and will be all the season.

Very long trains are worn for full dress except when they are intended for dancing.

Fringes are now made with headings of such width as to be substituted for tabliers.

With black tulle dresses only black silk, black velvet or black satin cuirasses can be worn.

An immense variety of foulards of novel make and pattern have been prepared for this season.

Skirts, bodices and sleeves have buttonholes made on purpose to be laced together with ribbons.

A cuirasse, with two points at the back of the basque, is a novelty for Pingat's dress bodices this season.

Pockets are not worn on evening dresses. The handkerchief, richly belaced and embroidered, is carried in the hand.

Lace is not only employed as flounces and trimmings, but the upper dress is sometimes entirely composed of it.

Many of the dresses made with overskirts have the under one entirely plain, all the garniture being appropriated by the upper one.

Overdresses, whether called polonaise, princesse or juive tunics, are daily increasing in favor, and are likely to as long as toilets composed of two materials are the mode.

Among the many ways of trimming dresses with their own material are cascades of *plisses* on the tablier or back breadths, *coquilles* or *plisses*; gathered or plaited flounces, alternated or headed by *bouillonnes*, flounces in a cluster of plaits, alternating with a space left plain, and gathered flounces with several rows of *coulisses*, either continued or in groups.

Trees and Rain.

The bulletin of the Torrey botanical club contains a suggestive paragraph in reference to the influence of trees upon rain and atmospheric moisture, as shown by the experience of the island of Santa Cruz, in the West Indies. This island is said to have been a garden of freshness, beauty and fertility twenty years ago, it was covered with woods, trees were everywhere abundant, and rains were profuse and frequent. The recent visit of a gentleman who had known the island in its palmier days revealed a lamentable change, one-fourth of the island having become an utter desert. The forest and trees had been cut away, rainfalls had ceased, and the process of desiccation, beginning at one end of the island, had advanced gradually and irresistibly upon the land, until for seven miles it had become as dry and barren as the seashore. Houses and plantations had been abandoned, and the advance of desolation was watched by the people, wholly unable to prevent it, but knowing almost to a certainty the time when their own habitations, their gardens and fresh fields would be a part of the waste. Indeed, the whole island seemed doomed to become a desert. This sad result is owing entirely, according to the belief of the inhabitants, to the destruction of the trees upon the island some years ago.

Domestic Recipes.

CLAM CHOWDER.—Put in a kettle some small slices of fat salt pork, enough to line the bottom of it; on that a layer of potatoes, cut in small pieces; then a layer of chopped onions; then a layer of tomatoes, in slices, or canned tomatoes; on the latter a layer of clams, chopped; then a layer of crackers. Season each layer with pepper and salt. Repeat the process (omitting the pork) until the kettle is nearly full, cover with water, set on a slow fire, and when nearly done stir gently, finish cooking, and serve hot. When done, if found too thin, boil a little longer; if too thick, add a little water and let it boil once. The more potatoes that are used the thicker it will be.

GREEN CORN FRITTERS.—Grate the corn and allow to every cupful one egg, a tablespoonful of milk, and a little salt and butter; stir all together and thicken with a little flour. They may be fried in hot lard or cooked on a griddle the same as batter cakes.

BURY SIMNEL CAKES.—One pound of butter, worked into cream, with four eggs, one pound of moist sugar, one and a half pounds of currants, one pound of sultana raisins, two pounds of flour, two small teaspoonfuls of sal volatile, one teaspoonful of ground cinnamon, one teaspoonful of grated ginger, two teaspoonfuls of mixed spice, two ounces of candied lemon, and two ounces of citron, cut fine. Mix all together and roll it about one inch thick, and the size and shape of a dinner plate. Bake in a moderate oven, about half an hour, or more perhaps. When done glaze it over with the yolk of an egg, and sift sugar over it.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Interesting Notes from Letters of Correspondents on the Centennial Grounds.

A Philadelphia correspondent writes: Let me offer a word of advice to visitors who desire to practice economy. Don't be induced to pay unreasonable prices for board by the plea that the city is crowded. It is not crowded, and you can have a choice of a hundred rooms any day. Buy a guidebook. Study the map of the city and street car lines. Look over the advertisements which you will find every morning of rooms to let. Start out in search of quarters that meet your ideas as to cost and comfort, and you will be pretty sure to find just what you want in an hour or two. I have heard of one or two hotels "on the European plan" charging $5 a day for a room without board. No one ought to submit to such an imposture. There are scores of private houses that offer a large, well furnished room, with breakfast and supper, for $2 a day, and the supply of such accommodations thus far considerably outruns the demand."

From May 23 to October 17 there are to be in Philadelphia no less than sixty four conventions, conferences, and congresses of a State, national and international character.

The different displays in Agricultural hall are said to be very curious, and do not attract the attention which they deserve.

Parents cannot make a wiser investment than to take their children to the Centennial for several weeks, or send them for the season, if possible. Under proper tutelage, with a judicious amount of work done regularly every day, the six months of the Exhibition will be worth more to any wide-awake, intelligent boy or girl, than a year at any school or university in the world. It is an opportunity that will never be duplicated and should not be allowed to pass unimproved, even if some sacrifice of comfort or finances is involved.

The Exhibition shows beyond any possible doubt that the industry of the United States is progressing not by steps, but by strides, that in several most important branches America equals the old country, that in one or two she is ahead of her, and that in those in which she is behind, experience and the acquisition of better decorative taste are all that is wanted.

It is announced that two large steamers will ply between Philadelphia and St. John, New Brunswick, during the summer.

Permanent headquarters for the press are established in the western wing of the Department of Public Comfort building, east of the Judges' pavilion.

Oregon exhibits rye nine feet high, eighty seven and one-half bushels to the acre. Oats ten feet high, eighty seven bushels to the acre.

The fireworks on the Fourth of July will be in charge of Prof. Jackson, of Philadelphia, who is to receive $10,000 for the grand pyrotechnic display.

In September and October the stock yard, which is outside the Centennial inclosure, and about five hundred yards from the principal entrance, will be filled with cattle of all varieties, fifteen days being allowed for each class and family. Horses, mules and asses will be on exhibition from September first to the 15th. Horned cattle from the 20th to October 15, and so on. The animals must be of pure blood and "highly meritorious." In June and July the harvesting machinery will be tested in a field trial, and this is to be followed by a trial of tillage implements.

Night on the Silver Mountain.

The Virginia (Nev.) *Enterprise* thus describes a silver mountain town at night: The town presented a lively appearance under the bright full moon last night. The sidewalks were so thronged that many persons preferred traveling in the middle of the street to being jostled, particularly as this could be done without danger, few teams being on the streets. In many places the flaming torches of street hawkers were to be seen, and about all these was packed a black mass of humanity visible for a square or more. Street musicians were grinding their organs and sawing upon and twanging their stringed instruments, while men went about ringing bells and talking in a jargon understandable only among themselves and, perhaps, among the more traveled of the "night hawkers." All the dance houses were humming; the lights of the saloons were flashing, and in the faro rooms trade dollars and ivory chips were jingling and rattling. Crowds of ladies were out, and the dry goods stores, with their long rows of gas light, resembled as many bazars in some great national or international fair. Lovers were abroad in scores. Young men who could think of nothing else to say to their sweethearts doubtless were able to speak of the cloudless sky, the white peaks lifting their heads on all sides like ghosts, and the dark canyons dividing and encircling the peaks, with something in regard to the white deserts, lying like lakes far away in the east.

Wanted to Stay.

Education is in America so easy of access that it is scarcely possible to imagine the nature of the hinderances which obstructs it in this country, writes an English correspondent. We have large sums in the way of endowments for the furtherance of knowledge, but vested interests, which are all-powerful, often render them valueless. One of the government education inspectors narrates a visit to a grammar school endowed with an increasing income of $2,000 a year, in which there was but one scholar. The masters had all fixed salaries, so that this want of prosperity in the school was far from annoying to them. The examination of this solitary lad, who was sickly and very ignorant, by the venerable and learned head master, the usher and the assistant master, was something very funny. Before leaving the place the inspector asked the head master upon what sum he would be willing to retire.

"I don't want to retire at all," said he.

"But you have only one scholar!"

"And quite enough too. I don't want any more. I am an old man, and the place is better than a curacy. I shall certainly not give up under less than the full salary. Why should I?"

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Items of Interest from Home and Abroad

General Crook has started with a force to punish the marauding Indians in the Black Hills. .... The Kansas Democratic convention instructed its delegation to the national convention to work for Hendricks. .... Two men were killed by a gravel train running off the track near Templeton, Mass. .... Three outlaws stopped a stage and two hacks near Dallas, Texas, and compelled the passengers to deliver over their valuables, which they did to the amount of $7,000.

The Faulkner-Regan crew beat the City Point crew at Boston by three lengths, in 20.18. .... Judge S. Torrie, ex-mayor of Oakland, Cal., committed suicide by jumping from a steamer, having first tied his feet together and taken laudanum. Unfortunate speculation in stocks is supposed to have been the cause. .... The Austrian premier announces that the peace of Europe is now assured. .... The Mexican insurgent, Gen. Diaz, having evacuated Matamoras, Gen. Escobedo occupied the town. .... Julia Matthews, the opera singer, died in St. Louis. .... Over five hundred arrests were made in New York city for violation of the Sunday liquor law, which had previously been regarded as a dead letter. .... The immense paper box board factory at Whitefield, N. H., was totally destroyed by fire. Loss, $75,000. .... Ten criminals were flogged at the Newcastle (Del.) jail recently. .... An explosion in Dupont's powder mill at Wilmington, Del., caused the death of four men. .... A fire-damp explosion, near Scranton, Pa., resulted in the death of one man and the serious injury of four others.

The politicians of the country were generally surprised by the appointment by the President and confirmation by the Senate of Attorney-General Pierrepont to be minister to England, vice Schenck, resigned, the appointment of Secretary of War Taft to be attorney-general, and of J. Donald Cameron, son of Senator Cameron, to be secretary of war. .... A man and woman, claiming to be husband and wife, hired a room in a hotel at Wilmington, Del., and both committed suicide by poisoning during the night. No clew to their identity can be found. .... A hailstorm in portions of New Jersey did considerable damage to glass and fruit, especially in Hornstown. The storm extended over a large portion of the country, doing damage in Michigan, Iowa and Wyoming Territory, where it developed into a heavy snowstorm. .... The British government will not grant amnesty to the imprisoned Fenians. .... Potato bugs have appeared in the Delaware valley.

The New Jersey Democrats appointed delegates to the national convention and indorsed ex-Gov. Joel Parker for the Presidency. The resolutions adopted call for equal political rights for all, subordination of military to civil power, gold and silver as a basis for currency, a tariff sufficient for the expenses of government economically administered, recognizes the amendments to the constitution as part of the organic law, and will uphold the same, charge the administration with imbecility and corruption, and applauds the reform action of the House of Representatives in unearthing frauds and reducing expenditures. .... Five fishing vessels and forty-seven lives have been lost in the Gloucester (Mass.) fisheries this year. .... The Magdalen islands herring fisheries have been very successful. Several vessels have arrived at Halifax with full fares. .... A heavy storm of rain, hail and wind did considerable damage in the vicinity of Rondout, N. Y. .... The four Greek sailors who mutinied on the English bark Lonnie, were hanged in London. .... The Bosnian insurgents have been so much encouraged by their recent victories that they will demand the absolute independence of Herzegovina and Bosnia, and talk of immediately forming a provisional government.

Eli Snedhem was hanged at Holly Springs, Miss., in the presence of six thousand people for the murder of Marcus Lewis. .... Dangerous counterfeits of the denomination of $5 are afloat on the following named banks, and persons are advised to refuse all bills of that denomination. The banks will call in all their circulation at once and issue new bills: First National Bank of Chicago, Ill., Traders' National Bank of Chicago, Ill., Merchants' National Bank of Chicago, Ill., First National Bank of Aurora, Ill., First National Bank of Paxton, Ill., First National Bank of Peru, Ill., First National Bank of Galena, Ill. (no such bank). .... The majority of Missouri's delegates to the Republican national convention are in favor of Blaine. .... New Hampshire did not instruct her Republican delegates, but most of them are Blaine men. .... Illinois sends Blaine Democrats. .... Nebraska instructed her delegates to vote for Blaine. .... Minnesota delegates will advocate Blaine. .... Michigan's Democrats appointed delegates who favor Tilden. .... The large Boston clothing house of Beard, Moulton & Daniels has failed. .... Hayti is still in an unsettled condition. .... Fifty thousand children were in line on "Anniversary day" in Brooklyn, N. Y. .... Four murderers were taken from the sheriff of Abbeville county, S. C., by a crowd of three hundred persons and shot to death. .... John Calhoun, of Rochester, N. Y., shot his wife in the back, inflicting a dangerous wound, and then shot himself fatally.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

The Business of General Interest Transacted.

SENATE.

Mr. Burnside (Rep.), of Rhode Island, called up the Senate bill establishing the rank of paymaster-general, U. S. A. Passed. It fixes the rank of paymaster-general as brigadier-general.

HOUSE.

The House went into committee of the whole on the Naval Appropriation bill. The pending amendment was that offered by Mr. Whitthorne (Dem.), of Tennessee, reducing the pay of the officers of the navy ten per cent. Rejected.

Mr. Morey (Rep.), of Louisiana, from the committee on public lands, reported back the Senate bill repealing section 2,303 of the revised statutes, making restrictions in the disposal of the public lands in Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Florida.

A New Era.

A year or so ago it became evident to all far-seeing men that the country demanded a five cent cigar. Tobacconists held out bravely, but the era came—it is around us and with us now. The five cent cigar stares at you from stands and windows and boxes, and is thrust under your nose as you walk about. The five cent cigar contains some tobacco. Some people may dispute the assertion, but an analysis shows the existence of tobacco. The interior may contain scraps of leather, paper, sawdust, rags or old rope, just according to the programme of the maker. One maker may prefer to chop up and put in old boot legs, while another opines that smokers prefer an old shirt, torn into strips and rolled up under a thin covering of tobacco. The young man who stopped on the street to see why his "grab" wouldn't draw, pulled out a toothpick, a collar button, a bit of cloth and a brown string three feet long. He seemed to take it as a matter of course, and restoring the cigar to his lips jogged along with the remark: "No junk dealer can ever hope to become a famous cigar maker."

Considerable Berry.

Charles Mathews, the comedian, was served by a greengrocer named Berry, and generally settled his bill once a quarter. At one time the account was sent in before it was due, and Mathews, laboring under an idea that his credit was doubted, said: "Here's a pretty mull, Berry. You have sent in your bill, Berry, before it was due, Berry. Your father, the elder Berry, would not have been such a goose, Berry. But you need not look so black, Berry, for I don't care a straw, Berry, and shan't pay you till Christmas, Berry."

Chapped hands, face, pimples, ringworm, saltrheum, and other cutaneous affections cured, and rough skin made soft and smooth, by using JUNIPER TAR SOAP. Be careful to get only that made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, as there are many imitations made with common tar, all of which are worthless.—*Com.*

"I don't miss my church so much as you suppose," said a lady to her minister, who had called upon her during her illness; "for I make Betsy sit at the window as soon as the bells begin to chime, and tell me who are going to church, and whether they have got anything new on."

Thanks "from the Depths of the Heart."

WELLINGTON, Lorain Co., O., Aug 24, 1874.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dear Sir—Your medicines—Golden Medical Discovery, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy—have proved of the greatest service to me. Six months ago no one thought that I could possibly live long. I had a complication of diseases—scrofula, manifesting itself in eruptions and great blotches on my head that made such sores that I could not have my hair combed without causing me much suffering, also causing swollen glands, tonsils enlarged, enlarged or "thick neck," and large and numerous boils. I also suffered from a terrible chronic catarrh, and, in fact, was so diseased that life was a burden to me. I had tried many doctors, with no benefit. I finally procured one-half dozen bottles of your Golden Medical Discovery, and one dozen Sage's Catarrh Remedy and commenced their use. At first I was badly discouraged, but after taking four bottles of the Discovery I began to improve, and when I had taken the remaining I was well. In addition to the use of Discovery I applied a solution of iodine to the goiter or thick neck, as you advise in pamphlet wrapping, and it entirely disappeared. Your Discovery is certainly the most wonderful blood medicine ever invented. I thank God and you from the depths of my heart for the great good it has done me.

Very gratefully,

MRS. L. CHAFFEE.

Most medicines which are advertised as blood purifiers and liver medicines contain either mercury, in some form, or potassium and iodine variously combined. All of these agents have strong tendency to break down the blood corpuscles and debilitate and otherwise permanently injure the human system, and should therefore be discarded. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, on the other hand, being composed of the fluid extracts of native plants, barks and roots, will in no case produce injury, its effects being strengthening and curative only. Sarsaparilla, which used to enjoy quite a reputation as a blood purifier is a remedy of thirty years ago, and may well give place, as it is doing to the more positive and valuable vegetable alteratives which later medical investigation and discovery have brought to light. In scrofula or king's evil, white swellings, ulcers erysipelas, swelled neck, goiter, scrofulous inflammation, mercurial affections, old sores, eruptions of the skin, and sore eyes, as in all other blood diseases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has shown its great remedial powers, curing the most obstinate and intractable cases. Sold by all dealers in medicines.

Something that Concerns Everybody.

Among the crowd of proprietary medicines that seek acceptance from the public through the advertising columns of the press, there is now and then one which deserves the recommendation of the editorial fraternity. In such instances, and in no other, we feel at liberty, and in fact deem it almost a duty to express a favorable opinion of the article. We have been asked repeatedly if Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar was really a specific for coughs and colds, and have had no hesitation in giving an affirmative reply. What we have said privately to friends and acquaintances, there can be no impropriety in reiterating in print. It is an excellent remedy. No one who has taken it as a remedy for ailments of the throat and lungs or has observed its effect on others in cases of this nature, can entertain any doubt of its curative power.—*Hartford Times*

It is often remarked by strangers visiting our State that we show a larger proportion of good horses than any other State in the Union. This, we tell them, is owing to two principal reasons. In the first place we breed from the very best stock, and in the second place, our people use *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders*, which, in our judgment, are of incalculable advantage.

Oily substances always aggravate skin diseases. Ointments are therefore rather hurtful than beneficial. GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP which opens, instead of clogging the pores with grease, has, as might have been expected, widely superseded oleaginous compounds as a remedy for scorbutic affections. Depot, Crittenton's, 7 Sixth avenue, N. Y.

Hill's Instantaneous Hair Dye produces no metallic luster.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment will give more relief in cases of chronic rheumatism no matter how severe, than any other article known to medical men. Used internally and externally.

DON'T THROW AWAY YOUR MONEY.—TO THE PUBLIC.—For over 21 years DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT has been sold; every bottle has been warranted, and not one has been returned. Thousands of certificates of its wonderful curative properties can be seen at the Depot, 10 Park Place, New York. It will do all, and more, than it is recommended for. It is perfectly safe to take internally. It cures Cholera, Croup, Dysentery, Colic, Sea Sickness, Chronic Rheumatism, Sprains, Old Sores, Cuts, etc. Sold by the Druggists.

TO ALL, particularly invalids, spring is a trying season. Indications of sickness should be at once attended to. Fatal diseases may be caused by allowing the bowels to become constipated, and the system to remain in a disordered condition, until the disorder has time to develop itself. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, is an old and truthful saying. Therefore, we advise all who are troubled with the complaints now very prevalent—headache, indigestion, disordered liver, want of appetite nausea, or feverish skin, to take, without delay, Schenck's Mandrake Pills. We know of no remedy so harmless and decisive in its action. It at once strikes at the root of the disease and produces a healthy tone to the system. People need never suffer from any disease arising from a disordered condition of the liver if they would take this excellent medicine when they feel the first indications of the malady. Families leaving home for the summer months should take three or four boxes of these pills with them. They have an almost instantaneous effect. They will relieve the patient of headache in one or two hours, and will rapidly cleanse the liver of surrounding bile, and will effectually prevent a bilious attack. They are sold by all druggists.

20 Extra Fine Mixed Cards, with Name, 10 cts. post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

ASTHMA. The only sure remedy. Trial package free. L. SMITHNIGHT, Cleveland, O.

25 JET CALLING CARDS, with name in gold, 20 cents. J. K. HARDER, Malden Bridge, N. Y.

50 CARDS, Floral, etc., with name, 20 cts. Agents wanted. Hunt & Co., Newburyport, Mass.

25 FANCY Cards, 7 Styles, with Name, 10 cts. Choice. A. TRAVER & Co., North Chatham, N. Y.

6 VERY desirable NEW ARTICLES for Agents. Mfr'd by J. G. CAPEWELL & Co., Cheshire, Conn.

Profitable, Pleasant work, hundreds now employed, hundreds more wanted. M. N. LOVELL, Erie, Pa.

WANTED AGENTS. Samples and Outfit free. Better than Gold. A. COULTER & CO., Chicago.

$5 to $20 a day at home. Samples worth $1 sent free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

$12 a day. Chromo, Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. A. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$10 to $25 per day. Send for Chromo Catalogue. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, Boston.

WANTED.—An Active Agent to manage the exclusive sale of Cigars in every county. Address N. Y. TOBACCO CO., 39 Renwick Street, New York.

$55 to $10 a day sure. Particulars free. [illegible] N. Y. [illegible] gents extraordinary inducements.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle—Prime to Extra Bullocks	09¾ @	11
Common to Good Texans	08 @	10
Milch Cows	30 00 @	70 00
Hogs—Live	06½ @	06¾
Dressed	08¾ @	09¾
Sheep	[illegible] @	[illegible]
Lambs	12½ @	12¾
Cotton—Middlings	5 75 @	7 40
Flour—Extra Western	5 45 @	7 00
State Extra	1 30 @	1 30
Wheat—Red Western	1 20 @	1 22
No. 2 Spring	96 @	96½
Rye—State	1 00 @	1 15
Barley—State	1 00 @	1 05
Barley Malt	38 @	48
Oats—Mixed Western	60 @	63½
Corn—Mixed Western	60 @	1 05
Hay, per cwt.	80 @	1 10
Straw, per cwt.	05 @	06
Hops 75's—12 @18 ..... olds—	20 50 @	20 61
Pork—Mess	12¾ @	12¾
Lard	26 00 @	27 00
Fish—Mackerel, No. 1, new	15 00 @	15 00
No. 2, new	5 75 @	5 25
Dry Cod, per cwt.	24 @	24
Herring, Scaled, per box		
Petroleum—Crude 06¾ @06¾	Refined—	15¾
Wool—California Fleece	28 @	40
Texas	30 @	28
Australian	43 @	48
Butter—State	30 @	30
Western Dairy	25 @	29
Western Yellow	25 @	25
Western Ordinary	18 @	20
Cheese—State Factory	08 @	18
State Skimmed	04 @	06
Western	05 @	13
Eggs—State	15 @	16

ALBANY.

Wheat	1 37 @	1 37
Rye—State	88 @	88
Corn—Mixed	60 @	64
Barley—State	90 @	95
Oats—State	48 @	50

BUFFALO.

Flour	6 15 @	10 00
Wheat—No. 1 Spring	1 25 @	1 26
Corn—Mixed	54 @	54
Oats	38 @	38
Rye	78 @	74
Barley	1 00 @	1 01

BALTIMORE.

Cotton—Low Middlings	12¾ @	12¾
Flour—Extra	6 75 @	8 75
Wheat—Red Western	1 30 @	1 30
Rye	75 @	76
Corn—Yellow	60 @	60
Oats—Mixed	46 @	46
Petroleum	08¾ @	08¾

PHILADELPHIA.

Beef Cattle—Extra	04 @	08
Sheep	05½ @	07½
Hogs—Dressed	11½ @	12½
Flour—Pennsylvania Extra	6 00 @	6 75
Wheat—Red Western	1 27 @	1 32
Rye	85 @	85
Corn—Yellow	61 @	62
Mixed	61 @	60
Oats—Mixed	37 @	40
Petroleum—Crude 10¼ @10½	Refined—	14½

WATERTOWN, MASS.

Beef Cattle—Poor to Choice	4 75 @	9 0
Sheep	4 00 @	8 00
Lambs	2 00 @	8 00

25 FANCY CARDS, all styles, with name, 10 cts. post-paid. J. B. Husted, Nassau, Rens. Co., N. Y.

50 Mixed Cards, with name 25 cts. Samples for 3 ct. stamp. J. MINKLER & Co., Nassau, N. Y.

AGENTS 73 subscribers in one day. Best literary paper. Only $1 60 a year. Three $10 chromos free. MUNYON & SPORSLER, Pubs., Phila., Pa.

$300 PER MONTH GUARANTEED. Business first-class. Agents wanted everywhere. Address, with stamp, T. S. PAGE, Toledo, O.

Agents Wanted.—Twenty-Six 11 Mounted Chromos for $1. 2 samples by mail, post-paid, 25c. CONTINENTAL CHROMO CO., 37 Nassau Street, New York.

$350 A Month.—Agents wanted. 36 best selling articles in the world. One sample free. Add's JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

$40 to $60 a Week and Expenses, or $100 forfeited. All the new and standard Novelties, Chromos etc. Valuable Samples free with Circulars. R. L. FLETCHER, 111 Chambers Street, New York.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars Free. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

AGENTS All Want It—thousands of lives and millions of property saved by it—fortunes made with it—particulars free. C. M. Livingston & Bro., New York & Chicago.

OPIUM and Morphine Habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless; no publicity. Send stamp for Particulars. Dr. CARLTON, 187 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

$250 A MONTH — Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars sent free. Address WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

OPIUM HABIT CURED AT HOME. No publicity. Time short. Terms moderate. 1,000 testimonials. Describe case. Dr. F. E. MARSH, Quincy, Mich.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC MAN, WITH small capital, to take the general agency for a staple article used by everybody. A permanent cash business that will yield from $2,000 to $5,000 a year. GREENWICH MANUF'G CO., 76 Reade St., N. Y.

YOUR own Likeness in oil colors, to show our work, painted on canvas 5½x7½, from a photograph or tin-type free with the *Home Journal*, $2.50 a year. Sample of our work and paper, terms to agents, etc., 10 cts. L. T. LUTHER, Mill Village, Erie county, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED in every City and Town in the United States to sell a NEW CENTENNIAL SOUVENIR, desired by all throughout the land. Sample sent free (with rates of discount to agents) upon receipt of 25 cents by mail or otherwise. Address O. SLOAN HOLDEN, 150 Worth St., New York City.

ANN ELIZA YOUNG. AGENTS WANTED for the new Book by Brigham Young's Wife No. 19. 25,000 already sold. Illustrated circulars, sent free. Dustin, Gilman & Co., Hartford, Ct., Chicago, Ill., Cincinnati, Ohio, Richmond, Va.

"PSYCHOMANCY, or Soul Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25c.; together with a Lover's Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, &c. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia.

TEAS.—The choicest in the World—Importers' prices—Largest Company in America—staple article—pleases everybody—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted everywhere—best inducements—don't waste time—send for circular to ROBT WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y. P. O. Box 1287.

50 Finely Printed Bristol Visiting Cards sent post-paid for 25 cts. Send stamp for samples of Glass Cards, Marble, Snowflake, Scroll, Damask, Etc. We have over 100 styles. Agents Wanted. A. H. FULLER & Co., Brockton, Mass.

CAPSICUM PLASTER An Infallible Remedy for Local and Rheumatic Pains, Boils, Carbuncles, Stiff Neck, Lumbago, Headache, Asthma, Colic, Sea Sickness, Etc. Relieves pain in ten minutes. Samples by mail. Address J. & I. CODDINGTON, 1162 Broadway (Sturtevant house), N. Y.

LOOK Your Name Elegantly Printed on 12 TRANSPARENT VISITING CARDS, for 25 Cents. Each card contains a scene which is not visible until held towards the light. Nothing like them ever before offered in America. Big inducements to Agents. NOVELTY PRINTING CO., Ashland, Mass.

A BOOK for the MILLION. MEDICAL ADVICE A 46 page Pamphlet on Special and Chronic Diseases, Cancer, Catarrh, Rupture, Opium Habit, &c., SENT FREE on receipt of stamp. Address, Dr. Butts' Dispensary No. 12 N. 8th st., St. Louis, Mo.

REVOLVERS SEVEN SHOT $3.00 New Buffalo Bill Revolver. Sent with 100 Cartridges for $3. FULL NICKLE PLATE. Satisfaction guaranteed. *Illustrated Catalogue FREE.* WESTERN GUN WORKS, Chicago, Ill., 69 Dearborn st. (McCormick Block). P. O. Box 840.

$3 ENTERPRISE PRESSES [illegible] J. COOK & Co. [illegible] WEST MERIDEN, CT.

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